

THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA Ministry of Education and Sports

Directorate of Industrial Training



Assessment and Training Package

For a
BEAD ARTIST

Qualification Level: 1

Occupational Cluster: Art and Design

December 2020

Developed by:

Supported by:

Qualifications Standards Department Directorate of Industrial Training

Government of Uganda



Assessment and Training Package For a BEAD ARTIST

Qualification Level: 1

Occupational Cluster: Agriculture

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Under BTVET Act, 2008, the functions of the Directorate of Industrial Training are:

- (a) To identify the needs of the labour market for occupational competencies that fall under the UVQF.
- (b) To regulate apprenticeship schemes.
- (c) To foster and promote entrepreneurial values and skills, as an integral part of the UVQF.
- (d) To secure adequate and sustainable financing for the efficient operations of the Directorate.
- (e) To accredit training institutions or companies as assessment centres.
- (f) To determine fees payable under the Act.
- (g) To develop, apply, expand and improve the purposeful application of Uganda vocational qualifications defined in the UVQF.
- (h) To assess and award Uganda Vocational Qualifications.
- (i) To promote on-the-job training in industry for apprenticeship, traineeship and indenture training and for other training such as further skills training and upgrading.
- (j) To prescribe the procedure for the making of training schemes.

Further to the above provisions, there is an established Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework (UVQF), under part V of the BTVET Act, 2008. It is stated that:

The purpose of the UVQF is to;

- (a) Define occupational standards in the world of work.
- (b) Define assessment standards.
- (c) Award vocational qualifications of learners who meet the set standards of different studies.
- (d) Provide guidelines for modular training.

The UVQF shall follow principles of Competence Based Education and Training (CBET) which include:

- (a) Flexible training or learning modules.
- (b) Positive assessment and certification.
- (c) Assessment of prior learning.
- (d) Recognition of formal and non-formal training.
- (e) Self-paced or individual learning.
- (f) Work place learning.

For award and recognition of certificates, the BTVET Act, 2008 provides that:

- (1) The Directorate and other examination boards established under the Act shall award certificates and diplomas for Business, Technical or Vocational Education and Training under the UVQF.
- (2) The Certificates and Diplomas to be awarded shall be in the form prescribed by the Minister on the recommendation of the Industrial Training Council.
- (3) The Certificates and Diplomas awarded under the Act shall be recognised in the Uganda education system and by the labour market.

Under the TVET Implementation Standards 2020, the proposed new mandate of the Directorate of Industrial Training shall be restricted to promoting the highest standards in the quality and efficiency of industrial training in the country and ensuring an adequate supply of properly trained manpower at all levels in the industry and the world of work.

The functions shall include:

- (a) Regulating Industrial Training and Trainers.
- (b) Developing Industrial Training Curricula.
- (c) Harmonising Curricula and Certificates of competence.
- (d) Assessing Industrial Training.
- (e) Development of Occupational Standards and Assessment and Training Packages (ATPs) for Trade Testing for the industry and world of work.
- (f) Awarding certificates in that respect.

At operational level in the Directorate, the Qualification Standards Department performs development tasks related to concepts, procedures and instruments for establishment of the UVQF in close collaboration with both public and private stakeholders in vocational training.

In particular, the Department organises and coordinates the development of Assessment and Training Packages for use in competence-based vocational training as well as standards-based assessment and certification.

The Directorate has therefore produced this Assessment and Training Package for use in implementing Competence-Based Education and Training mechanisms.

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Word from Permanent Secretary

The Kajubi Report (1989) and the Uganda Government White Paper on Education Review (1992) emphasised that the Uganda Secondary School Education should be vocationalised.

The World Bank Report on education in Uganda 2007 observed that although Uganda was experiencing steady economic growth on one hand, the secondary education curriculum was inadequately addressing the social and economic needs of the country on the other. The Report further noted that it is not the very top academic cadres that contribute most to the growth of the GDP but rather the competent middle level technicians that are flexible and technologically literate that the economy needs in the labour market at all levels.

Correspondingly, the NDP III 2020/21- 2024/5 highlights (i) low labour productivity (ii) high youth unemployment (38%) (iii) low transition rates from training to employment (35%) as some of the key challenges to Human Capital Development in Uganda.

In order to overcome these challenges, NDP III 2020/21- 2024/5, under objective 2 peaks the need to train the learners for the urgently needed skills and mainstream a dual education and training system. This paved way for the development of the lower secondary school vocational curriculum which supports both academic and vocational training.

The afore is in line with the Uganda Vision 2040. Under section 261, it emphasises that learners will be accorded opportunities to excel in the skills areas they are placed into. These will range from sports and cut to technical and vocational training. Hitherto, section 262 clearly states that the entire education system will be changed to emphasise practical skills, attitude and moral values.

Government of Uganda through the Ministry of Education and Sports rolled out the New Lower Secondary Curriculum in secondary schools countrywide during the first term of the academic year 2020. The overall goal of this curriculum is to produce graduates with employable skills and who are competitive in the labour market. It should be emphasised that vocational training will produce graduates who are employable. In the New curriculum, emphasis will be on equipping learners with employable skills and competencies. This will enable learners perform the requisite duties of the specified occupations. This is the reason why the lower secondary school vocational curriculum was tailored to the assessment requirements of the world of work.

Reading from the Curriculum Framework page 12, it is stated that the learners will be assessed by DIT. Upon assessment and certification, the graduates will be employable and competitive in the labour market. It's against this background that DIT, within its mandate vested in the BTVET Act, 2008 comes on board to take the lead in the development of the requisite Assessment and Training Packages (ATPs) for the various occupations that will be assessed under the Lower Secondary Curriculum

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a BEAD ARTIST QUALIFICATION LEVEL: 1 December 2020

The ATPs can be used by any training provider and/or those who wish to present themselves for Occupational Assessment and Certification.

Herewith, the Directorate of Industrial Training presents the Assessment and Training Package for training, assessment and certification of a **BEAD ARTIST QUALIFICATION LEVEL 1.**

Finally, I thank all individuals, organisations and review partners who have contributed and/or participated in the review of this noble document.

Alex Kakooza

Permanent Secretary

Executive Summary

This Assessment and Training Package is a Competence-Based Education and Training (CBET) tool and consists of three major parts:

- 0.1 **PART I: The Occupational Profile (OP) of a BEAD ARTIST.** This Occupational Profile which was reviewed by Bead artists practicing in the world of work mirrors the duties and tasks that Bead artists are expected to perform.
- 0.2 PART II: Training Modules in the form of guidelines to train Bead artists both on the job as well as in training centres (or combinations of both venues of learning). The Training Modules herein have been reviewed basing on the Occupational Profile and hence are directly relevant for employment.
- 0.3 **PART III: Assessment Instruments** in the form of performance (Practical) and written (theory) test items that can and should be used to assess whether a person complies with the requirements of employment as a BEAD ARTIST. These assessment instruments were reviewed jointly by job practitioners (Bead artists) and instructors based on the occupational profile and training modules.
- 0.4 While the Occupational Profile (OP) contained in PART I of this document provides the information on what a person is expected to do competently in the world of work, the test items, including performance criteria- of PART III qualify the HOW and/or HOW WELL a person must do the job.
- 0.5 The modular format of the curriculum (PART II) allows learners to acquire job specific skills and knowledge (i.e. competencies) module by module. A single module can be accomplished within a relatively short duration allowing flexibility for learners to move directly into an entry level job, go for further modules or advance to higher levels of training. Modular courses allow more learners to access the training system because training centres as well as companies can accommodate more learners in a given period of time.
- 0.6 In addition to improved access, equity and relevance of BTVET, the UVQF will also enable people who are convinced to have acquired competencies laid down in this ATP through prior training and on-the-job experience to access assessment and certification directly; be it on the basis of a single module, a group of modules or all modules pertaining to the occupation at once. This achievement will facilitate Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).

- 0.7 The parts of this Assessment and Training Package were sequentially reviewed as follows:
 - i Part 1: Occupational Profile: *August 2020*ii Part 2: Training Modules: *August 2020*
 - iii Part 3: Assessment Instruments (initial bank): August 2020

This ATP (or parts of it) may be periodically revised to match the dynamic trends in the occupation and hence issued in different versions.

DIT takes responsibility of any shortcomings that might be identified in this publication and welcomes suggestions for effectively addressing the inadequacies. The suggestion can be communicated to DIT through P.O. Box 20050, Kampala or through email uvaf.dit@gmail.com.

Patrick Byakatonda Ag Director

Acknowledgement

The Qualifications Standards Department of DIT acknowledges the valuable contributions to the review of this Assessment and Training Package by the following persons, Institutions and organisations:

- Members of the DIT Industrial Training Council.
- The Director and staff of DIT.
- Ministry of Education and Sports.
- The practitioners from the world of work.
- Teachers and instructors of bead art from various secondary schools.
- Art and Design Curriculum Specialists from NCDC.
- Examination specialists from UNEB.
- The facilitators involved in guiding the development panels in their activities.
- The Government of Uganda for financing the development of this ATP.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

A&C Assessment and Certification

ATP Assessment and Training Packages

CBET Competency Based Education and Training

DIT Directorate of Industrial Training

ITC Industrial Training Council
GoU Government of Uganda

LWA Learning-working Assignment

MC Modular Curriculum

MoES Ministry of Education and Sports

OP Occupational Profile
PEX Practical Exercise

PTI Performance (Practical) Test Item

QS Qualification Standards

RPL Recognition of Prior Learning

TIB Test Item Bank

TVET Technical, Vocational Education and Training

UVQ Uganda Vocational Qualification

UVQF Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework

WTI Written (Theory) Test Item

Key Definitions

Assessment

Assessment is the means by which evidence is gathered and judged to decide if an individual has met the stipulated assessment standards or not. Testing is a form of formal assessment.

Certification

Certification is a formal procedure to issue a certificate (qualification) to an individual that has demonstrated during formal assessment that he/she is competent to perform the tasks specified in the occupational profile.

Competence

Integration of skills, knowledge, attitudes, attributes and expertise ir /performing tasks in the world of work to a set standard.

Competency

(Occupational) competence is understood as the ability to perform tasks common to an occupation at an acceptable level.

CBET

Competence-based education and training means that programs:

- 1. have content directly related to work
- 2. focus is on 'doing something well'
- 3. assessment is based upon industry work standards, and
- 4. curricula are developed in modular form

Duty

A Duty describes a large area of work in performance terms. A duty serves as a title for a cluster of related Tasks (see also: TASK).

Learning-Working Assignment (LWA)

LWA are simulated or real job situations / assignments that are suitable for learning in a training environment (e.g. "small projects"). In a working environment LWAs are real work situations /assignments.

Modules

Modules are part(s) of a curriculum. Modules can be considered as "self-contained" partial qualifications which are described by learning outcomes or competencies and which can be assessed and certified individually.

Occupational Profile (OP)

An Occupational Profile is an overview of the duties and tasks a job incumbent is expected to perform competently in employment.

Occupational Profiles developed by practitioners from the world of work enhance the relevance of training and learning to the requirements of the world of work.

Occupational Profiles define what a person is supposed to do in performance terms. It also contains generic information regarding related knowledge and skills, attitudes/behavior, tools, materials and equipment required to perform as well as trends/ concerns in the occupation.

Occupational profiles are the reference points for developing modular curricular and assessment standards

Qualification

A qualification is a formal recognition for demonstrating competence, based on formal assessment against set standards. A qualification is provided to the individual in form of a certificate specifying the nature of the competence.

Task

Job tasks represent the smallest unit of job activities with a meaningful outcome. Tasks result in a product, service, or decision. They represent an assignable unit of work and have a definite beginning and ending point. Tasks can be observed and measured. (Also see: Duty)

1.0 ATP-PART I

Occupational Profile for a BEAD ARTIST

- 1.1 The OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE (OP) for "Bead Artist" below defines the **Duties** and **Tasks** a competent BEAD ARTIST is expected to perform in the world of work (on the job) in Uganda and the East African region today.
- 1.2 Since it reflects the skill requirements of work life, the Occupational Profile is the reference document for the subsequent development of training modules and assessment instruments (test items) which are directly relevant to employment in Ugandan and the East African businesses and industries.
- 1.3 To ensure that the Occupational Profile is relevant for employment in Uganda and East Africa, the DIT used the method of "occupational/job profiling.1"
 - This approach involves the brainstorming of a panel of 8 to 12 competent job practitioners guided by trained and experienced facilitators. During a two-day workshop the panelists defined the duties and tasks performed in employment, as well as the prerequisite skills, knowledge, attitudes, tools and equipment, and the future trends and concerns in the occupation/job.
- 1.4 The panelists, facilitators and coordinators who participated in developing this Occupational Profile for BEAD ARTIST are listed on the following page.

Expert Panel

Nyadoi Suzan Sharon

Ntinda Vocational Training Institute

Kirabo Margret

Maggie Afro Designs

Mugisha Moses

Kawanda Secondary School

Lumu Robert

Green Amba

Nalwoga Resty

Uganda Martyr's SS Namugongo

Nakimbugwe Matilda

Michelangelo College of Creative Arts, Kisubi

Namuwonge Jenny Kyeyune

City High School

Kamiza Kenneth

Risen Concept Limited

Kasule Brian

Angile Design Centre Limited

Nakawunde Robinah

Makerere College School

Tibaijuka Olive

Spiritual Shade Limited

Facilitators

Ainembabazi Faith

Directorate of Industrial Training

Turyamwesimira Johnson

Directorate of Industrial Training

Co-ordinator

Mukyala Ruth Elizabeth

Directorate of Industrial Training

Funded by

The Government of Uganda



THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA Ministry of Education and Sports

Directorate of Industrial Training

Occupational Profile for a
"BEAD ARTIST"

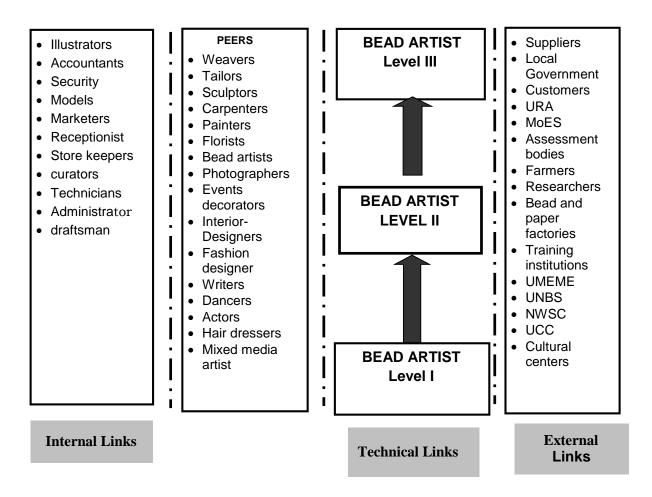
Developed by: Qualification Standards Department
Directorate Of Industrial Training

Dates of workshop: 21st-25th September 2020

NOMENCLATURE FOR THE OCCUPATION OF BEAD ARTIST

Definition: A **Bead Artist** is a person who makes and attaches beads to one another to form an artifact or to a product for beauty enhancement, decoration using different techniques.

JOB ORGANISATION CHART FOR A BEAD ARTIST



LEVEL DESCRIPTORS

A Level I Bead Artist: Is a person who makes bead products by stringing, stitching,

threading and wrapping

A level II Bead Artist: Is a person who makes bead products by weaving, comb loom and

hand embroidery.

A Level III Bead Artist: Is a person who makes bead products using bead looming and

sewing techniques

Duties and Tasks

A. PLAN WORK	A 1	Conduct market survey	A2	Determine location	A3	Prepare procurement plan
	A4		A5	Determine labor requirement	A6	Prepare budget
	A7	Determine source of funds				
B. ESTABLISH BEAD WORKSHOP	B1	Source funds	B2	Select site	В3	Secure site
	B4	Procure materials, tools and equipment	B5	Set up workshop	В6	Legalise bead workshop
C. MAKE BEADS	C1	Identify materials and tools	C2	Determine source of inspiration	C3	Develop material concept
	C4	Determine color and texture of the material	C5	Determine shape and size	C6	Form beads
	C7	Assemble beads	C8	Perform finishing	C9	Store beads
					ı	
D. MAKE BEADED PRODUCT	D1	Develop product concept	D2	Select tools, materials and equipment	D3	Prepare materials
	D4	Assemble bead materials	D5	Finish bead product	D6	Label product
	D7	Store product			1	
E. MARKET BEAD PRODUCTS	E1	Brand bead products	E2	Package bead product	E3	Display bead products
	E4	Communicate with clients	E5	Prepare catalogues	E6	Offer aftersales services
	E7	Cost products	E8	Offer price packages	E9	Advertise bead products
	E10	Sell bead products	E11	Participate in trade exhibitions		

F. PERFORM ADMINISTRATIVE TASKS	F1	Recruit workers	F2	Assign work	F3 Train workers
	F4	Prepare inventory	F5	Supervise work	F6 keep records
	F7	Remunerate workers	F8	Monitor performance	
					_
G. PERFORM OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH, SAFETY AND	G1	Sensitise workers on health issues	G2	Wear protective gear	G3 Clean work place
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION PRACTICES	G4	Display safety signs	G5	Administer first aid	G6 Perform firefighting
	G7	Manage waste			

Additional Information

Generic Knowledge and Skills

- 1. Numeric skills
- 2. Engraving
- 3. Embroidery
- 4. Sewing
- 5. Usage of tools and materials
- 6. Maintenance of tools and
 - equipment
- 7. Customer handling
- 8. customer care
- 9. Human resource management
- 10. Marketing
- 11. First aid administration
- 12. Critiquing
- 13. Documentation
- 14. Waste management
- 15. Experimenting
- 16. Photography
- 17. Safety and healthy precaution
- 18. Environmental conservation
- 19. Finishing
- 20. ICT

- 21. Recycling skills
- 22. Working posture
- 23. Package display designs
- 24. Drawing skills
- 25. Measuring skills
- 26. Different bead types e.g. plastics, glass, stone, duplicate, original
- 27. Storage
- 28. Freight and forwarding
- 29. Product identification
- 30. Product originality
- 31. Pricing
- 32. Exhibition
- 33. Research
- 34. Weaving
- 35. Stitching
- 36. Design
- 37. Size
- 38. Colours
- 39. Shape
- 40. Hazard analysis

Tools Materials and Equipment

- 1. Bead stringing kits
- 2. Thread
- 3. Needle
- 4. Pliers
- 5. Scissors
- 6. Silver wire
- 7. Leather stoppers
- 8. Hooks
- o. nooks
- Rings
 Varnish
- 11. Graph paper
- 12. Pencils
- 13. Tape measure
- 14. Finishing plates
- 15. Beads/stones
- 16. Seeds(natural) Beans,
- watermelon seeds, pumpkin
 - seeds
- 17. Glue
- 18. Hard paper box
- 19. Broom sticks

- 33. Chains
- 34. Spencer
- 35. Clip-ons
- 36. Pipes
- 37. Fabric
- 38. Bark cloth
- 39. Spray
- 40. Zips
- 41. Powder colour
- 42. Shells
- 43. Feathers
- 44. Beading board
- 45. Candle/lighter
- 46. Match-box
- 47. Cross
- 48. Drilling machine
- 49. Pendants
- 50. Container/storage
- 51. Pearls
- 52. Polythene bags
- 53. Paint
- 54. Fishing lines

20. Ribbons	55. Hammer
21. Bangle wire	56. Packaging materials
22. Rolling wire	57. Bead organisers(containers)
23. Elastic tape	58. Glue gun
24. Cutting board	59. Dyes
25. Sand paper	60. Cutting tools
26. Bead reamer	61. Metallic sticks
27. Loom	62. Paper
28. Wood	63. Tweezer
29. Yarn	64. Calabash
30. Wax	65. Gourds
31. Adhesives	
32. Rubber	

Euturo	trande	and	concorne

Futur	e trends and concerns	
1.	Recycling and innovation	13. Need for gallery
2.	Provide relevant training	14. Inadequate infrastructure
3.	Integrate computer training	15. Lack of awareness
	related to Art and Design	Public private partnership
4.	Product value	17. Workers' insurance
5.	Price fluctuation	18. Involve industrial sector
6.	Quality production	Technological advancement
7.	Market trends	20. Linkages between art and design
8.	Continuous professional	occupations
	development	21. Community awareness
9.	High industrial demands	22. Documentation
10	. Need for value addition	23. Product functionality
11	. Competition	24. Contemporary works
12	. Inadequate equipment	25. Religious influence
		Cultural influence

2.0 ATP - PART II

Training Modules for a BEAD ARTIST

- 2.1 A curriculum is a "guide /plan for teaching and learning" which provides a guide to teachers, instructors and learners. In the envisaged system of competence-based or outcome-oriented education and training (CBET), Curricula are no longer the benchmark against which assessment is conducted. It is rather the Occupational Profile that provides the benchmark for Curriculum development as well as assessment.
- 2.2 This modular format of the curriculum allows learners of Bead Artist to acquire job specific skills and knowledge (i.e. competencies) module by module. A single module can be accomplished within a relatively short duration allowing learners to move directly into an entry level job, do further modules and advance to higher levels of training. Modular courses allow more learners to access the training system because training centers, as well as companies can accommodate more learners in a given period of time.
- 2.3 The modules were developed jointly by both instructors and job practitioners. They were developed using the Occupational Profile as a reference point and taking into account the specifications of training and learning outcomes.
- 2.4 The modules contain "Learning-Working Assignments" (LWAs) and related "Practical Exercises" (PEXs) as key elements.
 - LWAs are simulated or real job situations/assignments that are suitable for learning in a training environment (e.g. "small projects"). In a working environment, LWAs are real work situations.
 - PEXs are therefore sub-sets of a LWA.
- 2.5 In principle, and following the philosophy of Competence-Based Education and Training (CBET), the modules can be used as a guide for learning in a training Centre, at the workplace; or a combination of both.

UVQF LEVELS 1-3 QUALIFICATION DESCRIPTORS

In the Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework, persons with qualifications **Levels 1, 2 and 3** are understood as **IMPLEMENTERS** in an occupation.

Level 1 Qualification shall mean that the individual is a Semi-Skilled Implementer;

Level 2 Qualification shall mean that the individual is a **Skilled Implementer**;

Level 3 Qualification shall mean that the individual is **Highly Skilled Implementer (Working Supervisor).**

The qualification descriptors for Levels 1-3 are described as follows:

	Dimension of	Level 1:	Level 2:	Level 3:
	qualification	Descriptor	Descriptor	Descriptor
1.	Scope of work (duties and tasks)	Narrow range	Moderate range	Broad range
2.	Work environment and context	Uniform	Some variety	Variety
3.	Complexity of tasks (work sequence)	Simple	Sometimes complex	Complex
4.	Predictability of tasks	Routine tasks	Non-routine tasks	Occasionally unpredictable
5.	Team work	Usually works in a team	Works in a team with some autonomy	Works with teams
6.	Leadership	None	Intermediate Supervisor of subordinates	Supervisor of subordinates
7.	Autonomy (Supervision)	Under direct supervision	Under supervision by superiors	Some autonomy but checked on results by superiors
8.	Financial and physical Resources control	None	Limited control	Moderate control
9.	Creation of concepts and solutions	None	None	None but may make proposals

WHO IS A BEAD ARTIST QUALIFICATION LEVEL 1?

A Bead Artist is a person who makes bead products by stringing, stitching, threading and wrapping

TRAINING MODULES FOR BEAD ARTIST UVQ LEVEL 1

Code	Module Title	Average duration	
		Contact hours	Weeks
UE/BA/M1.1	Make Beads	80	2
UE/BA/M1.2	Make Beaded Products	160	4
UE/BA/M1.3	Establish Bead Enterprise	160	4
UE/BA/M1.4	Manage Bead Enterprise	120	3
SUMMARY	4 Training Modules	520hours	13weeks

Note: Average duration is contact time but NOT calendar duration

It is assumed that:

- 1 day is equivalent to 8 hours of nominal learning and
- 1 month is equivalent to 160hours of nominal learning

Information given on the average duration of training should be understood as a guideline. Quick learners may need less time than indicated or vice versa.

At completion of a module, the learner should be able to satisfactorily perform the included Learning Working Assignments, their Practical exercises and attached theoretical instructions, as the minimum exposure.

Prior to summative assessment by recognised agencies, the users of these Modules Guides are encouraged to carefully consider continuous assessment using samples of (or similar) performance (practical) and written test items available in part 3 of this ATP.

Code	UE/BA/M1.1
Module title	M1.1: Make Beads
Related Qualification	Part of
	Uganda Vocational Qualification (BEAD ARTIST UVQ1)
Ovelification Level	,
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After this module the trainee shall be able to identify and make different types of beads from different materials
Learning-Working	LWA 1/1: Develop Concept
Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 1/2: Build-Up Beads
	LWA 1/3: Store Beads
	LWA 1/4: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection
	Note:
	1. The learning exercises may be repeated until the trainee
	acquires targeted competence;
	2. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction
	with demonstrations as required to perform each learning
	working assignment.
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA 1.1: Develop Concept
LACICISCS (FLAS)	PEX 1.1: Determine source of inspiration
	PEX 1.2: Conduct research
	PEX 1.3: Develop sketches
	PEX 1.4: Make working drawing
	LWA 1/2: Build-up Bead
	PEX 2.1: Select materials and tools
	PEX 2.2: Prepare materials PEX 2.3: Shape bead
	PEX 2.4: Perform finishing
	LWA 1/3: Store Beads
	PEX 3.1: Select storage unit
	PEX 3.2: Weigh beads
	PEX 3.3: Measure beads
	PEX 3.4: Pack beads
	PEX 3.5: Label beads
	PEX 3.6: Arrange beads in storage units
	LWA 1/4: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection
	PEX 4.1: Wear protective gear
	PEX 4.2: Administer first aid
	PEX 4.3: Observe personal hygiene
	PEX 4.4: Sensitise workers on health issues

	PEX 4.5: Display safety signs
	PEX 4.6: Manage waste
	PEX 4.7: Sensitise workers on toxic materials.
	PEX 4.8: Perform firefighting
Occupational health and safety	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and environmental protection, included in the listed related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs
Pre-requisite modules	None
Related knowledge/ theory	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: • Selection of materials
	Shaping techniques
	MeasurementsMaterials and their properties
	Materials and their propertiesMethods of preparing beads
	Customer handling
	Bead designing
	Drawing
	StorageUsage of tools and materials
	Hazard analysis
	Mathematical competency
	• ICT
	Finishing techniques
	Waste management
	First aid administration Preservation
	PreservationCosting and pricing
	Different types of beads
	Advertising
	Concept development
	negotiation
	Colour mixing and theoryRecycling
Average duration of	
Average duration of learning	320 hours (30days) of nominal learning suggested to include:5days of occupational theory and
,	25days of occupational trieory and 25days of occupational practice
Cuagastians an	
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training center or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place.
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from item bank.

Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	paper cutter, tape measure, scissors, needles, brush, drill, grinder, file, pliers, face masks, safety boots, first aid kit, weighing scale, scoopers, hammer, display board, containers, jigs, tweezer
Minimum required materials and	paper, stone, glass, metal, horns, bones, plastics, graphite ink, glue, varnish, fibers, seeds, paint, strings, thread, wood, power source,
consumables or equivalent	fuel, shells, wood, calabash gourds husks, soap, detergents, rubber, wires, yarn, leather, feathers, gloves, lubricant
Special notes	Perform finishing

Code	UE/BA/M 1.2
Module title	M1.2: Make Bead Products
Related Qualification	Part of
	Uganda Vocational Qualification
	(BEAD ARTIST UVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After this module the trainee shall be able to make bead products
Learning-Working	LWA 2/1: Develop Concept
Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 2/2: Make Beaded Products
	LWA 2/3: Store Products
	LWA 2/4: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	Note: 1. The learning exercises may be repeated until the trainee acquires targeted competence;
	2. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.
Related Practical	LWA 2/1: Develop Concept
Exercises (PEXs)	PEX 1.1: Determine source of inspiration
	PEX 1.2: Conduct research
	PEX 1.3: Develop sketches
	PEX 1.4: Make working drawing
	LWA 2/2: Make Beaded Products
	PEX 2.1: Determine product type
	PEX 2.2: Select materials and tools
	PEX 2.3: Prepare tools and materials
	PEX 2.4: Assemble beads
	PEX 2.5: Perform finishing.
	LWA 2/3: Store Products
	PEX 3.1: Select storage unit
	PEX 3.2: Measure products
	PEX 3.3: Sort products
	PEX 3.4: Pack products
	PEX 3.5: Label product
	PEX 3.6: Assemble products in storage units
	LWA 2/4: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	PEX 4.1: Administer first aid
	PEX 4.2: Manage waste
	PEX 4.3: Wear protective gear
	PEX 4.2: Maintain personal hygiene

	DEV 4.0. Consider mortions on leavily service
	PEX 4.3: Sensitise workers on key health issues
	PEX 4.4: Display safety signs
	PEX 4.5: Perform firefighting
Occupational health	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and
and safety	environmental protection, included in the listed related knowledge
and safety	
	should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs
Pre-requisite modules	None
Related knowledge/	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the
theory	trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related
	knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised
	reference materials as appropriate:
	Stitching
	Stringing
	Product designing
	Knotting
	Materials properties
	Usage of tools and material
	Usage of products
	Storage techniques
	Waste management Outtook and a second size of the second size
	Cultural and superficial meaning
	Historical meaning Historical meaning
	Hazard analysis Customer handling
	Customer handling Colour mixing techniques
	Colour mixing techniquesResearch
	Originality of materialsFirst aid administration
	financial management
	costing and pricing
	beaded products
	jewelry types
	decorative types
Average duration of	360 hours (45days) of nominal learning suggested to include:
learning	• 5 days of occupational theory and
	40days of occupational tricory and
Suggestions on	
Suggestions on	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes)
organisation of	described in this module may take place at a training Centre or its
learning	equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training
	are in place.
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by
	recognised assessment body using related practical and written test
	items from item bank.
	Remo from Rem Dank.

Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	pliers, needles, bead spinner, measuring tapes, scissors, pens, drill, jigs, pliers, heat gun, joiners, grinder, file, facemasks, safety boots, first aid kit, weighing scale, scoopers, hammer, display board, containers, jigs, tweezer
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	beads, string, finishing tools, glue, chalk, paper, threads, ink, graphite, glass, cowrie shells, source, fuel, shells, wood hasks, soap, detergents, rubber, wires, fishing line yarn, leather, feathers, gloves, lubricant, calabash, gourds
Special notes	Perform finishing

Code	UE/BA/M1.3
Module title	M1.3: Establish Bead Enterprise
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (Bead Artist UVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After completion of this module, a trainee shall be able to establish a Bead enterprise.
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	LWA3/1: Plan Bead Activities LWA3/2: Procure Materials, Tools and Equipment LWA3/3: Set Up Bead Workshop LWA3/4: Legalise Business LWA3/5: Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	 Note: The learning exercises must be repeated shall the trainee acquires a targeted competence. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA 3/1: Plan Bead Activities PEX 1.1: Conduct feasibility study PEX 1.2: Determine location PEX 1.3: Determine labor requirement PEX 1.4: Prepare procurement plan: PEX 1.5: Prepare budget PEX 1.6: Determine source of funds LWA 3/2: Procure Materials and Tools. PEX 2.1: Determine tools and materials PEX 2.2: Identify source of materials and tools PEX 2.3: Source tools and materials PEX 2.4: Transport tools and materials PEX 2.5: Store tools and materials LWA3/3: Set up Bead Workshop PEX 3.1: Select site PEX 3.2: Secure site PEX 3.3: Prepare site PEX 3.4: Set up studio LWA 4/4: Legalise Business PEX 4.1: Register business

	PEX 4.2: Acquire operational permits
	PEX 4.3: Insure business
	LWA 3/5: Perform Occupational Health, Safety, and
	Environmental Protection Practices
	PEX 5.1: Display safety signs
	PEX 5.2: Administer first aid
	PEX 5.3: Wear protective gear
	PEX 5.4: Sensitise workers on safety issues
	PEX 5.4: Sensitie workers on health issues
	PEX 5.5: Manage waste
	PEX 5.6: Perform firefighting
Occupational health and	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety
safety	and environmental protection included in the listed related
	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs
	and PEXs.
Pre-requisite modules	None
Related knowledge/	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration,
theory	the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related
	knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised
	reference materials as appropriate:
	Business planning and management
	• ICT
	Communication skills
	Research skills
	Transport
	Small scale enterprise
	Negotiation skills
	Waste management
	Human resource management
	Environmental awareness
	Regulations and policies
	Procurement
	Mathematical competences
Average duration of	80 hours (10days) of nominal learning suggested to include:
learning	02 days of occupational theory and
	08 days of occupational practice
Suggestions on	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes)
Suggestions on	described in this module may take place at a training centre or its
organisation of learning	equivalent provided that all equipment and materials required for
	this module training are in place.
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations
, 1030001110111	by a recognised assessment body using related practical and
	written test items from item bank.

Minimum required tools or equivalent	pencil, pens, telephone, calculator, data storage device, hammer, handsaw, wheelbarrow, spade, fire extinguishers, trucks, cut saw, sprayers etc.
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	timber, plywood, sand, cement, water, paint, bricks, iron sheets, tarpaulin, first aid kit, sanitisers, masks, found objects, paraffin, thinner, nails etc.
Special notes	

Code	UE/BA/M1.4
Module title	M1.4: Manage Bead Enterprise
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (Bead Artist UVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After completion of this module, the trainee shall be able to manage a Bead enterprise.
Learning-Working	LWA 4/1: Keep Records LWA 4/2: Maintain Tools and Materials LWA 4/3: Perform Administrative Duties LWA 4/4: Market Bead Products LWA 4/5: Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
Assignments (LWAs)	 Note: 1. The learning exercises must be repeated until the trainee acquires a targeted competence. 2. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA 4/1: Keep Records PEX 1.1: Prepare financial records PEX 1.2: Prepare human resource records PEX 1.3: Prepare procurement records PEX 1.4: Prepare production records PEX 1.5: Prepare marketing records PEX 1.6: Prepare inventory
	LWA 4/2: Perform Administrative Duties PEX 2.1: Recruit workers PEX 2.2: Orient workers PEX 2.3: Pay taxes PEX 2.4: Supervise work PEX 2.5: Remunerate workers PEX 2.6: Motivate workers PEX 2.7: Assign duties PEX 2.8: Reward workers PEX 2.9: Provide customer care LWA 4/3: Maintain Tools and Materials PEX 3.1: Clean tools and materials PEX 3.2: Replace tools and material PEX 3.3: Repair tools and materials

	PEX 3.4: Sterilise tools and materials
	PEX 3.5: Lubricate tools
	PEX 3.6: Sharpen tools
	LWA 4/4: Market Bead Products
	PEX 4.1: Prepare catalogues
	PEX 4.2: Price products PEX 4.3: Offer price packages
	PEX 4.4: Brand products
	PEX 4.5: Package products
	PEX 4.6: Offer aftersales services
	PEX 4.7: Exhibit products
	PEX 4.8: Display products PEX 4.9: Advertise products
	PEX 4.10: Sell products
	LWA 4/5: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	PEX 5.1: Display safety signs
	PEX 5.2: Administer first aid
	PEX 5.3: Wear protective gear
	PEX 5.4: Sensitise workers on health issues
	PEX 5.5: Manage waste
Occupational health and	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and environmental protection included in the listed related
safety	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs.
1	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs
safety	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs.
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate:
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: • Types of business
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Types of business Human resource management
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Types of business Human resource management Marketing
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Types of business Human resource management Marketing Financial management
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Types of business Human resource management Marketing Financial management Usage of tools and materials Storage of tools and materials
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Types of business Human resource management Marketing Financial management Usage of tools and materials
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Types of business Human resource management Marketing Financial management Usage of tools and materials Storage of tools and materials Record keeping Labor laws
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: • Types of business • Human resource management • Marketing • Financial management • Usage of tools and materials • Storage of tools and materials • Record keeping • Labor laws • Regulations and policies
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/ theory	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Types of business Human resource management Marketing Financial management Usage of tools and materials Storage of tools and materials Record keeping Labor laws Regulations and policies Customer handling
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/ theory Average duration of	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: • Types of business • Human resource management • Marketing • Financial management • Usage of tools and materials • Storage of tools and materials • Record keeping • Labor laws • Regulations and policies • Customer handling 80 hours (10 days) of nominal learning suggested to include:
Pre-requisite modules Related knowledge/ theory	knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs. None For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: Types of business Human resource management Marketing Financial management Usage of tools and materials Storage of tools and materials Record keeping Labor laws Regulations and policies Customer handling

Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training center or its equivalent provided that all equipment and materials required for this module training are in place.
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from Item bank
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	containers, office furniture, computer, printer, storage facility, calculators, telephone set/mobile phone, electrical tool and equipment, grinders, inventory books and first aid kit.
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	face masks, overalls, helmets, bandages, log books, receipt books, rug dusters, lubricants, stationery
Special note	

3.0 ATP- PART III

Assessment Instruments for BEAD ARTIST

- 3.1 Assessment of occupational competence is the procedure by which evidence is gathered and judged to decide if an individual (candidate) has met the stipulated assessment standards.
- 3.2 Assessment of occupational competence should comprise of both practical (Performance) testing and written (theory/knowledge) testing.
- 3.3 Based on the Occupational Profile and Training Modules, a combined panel of job practitioners and Instructors developed a substantial number of test items for assessing (practical) performance as well as items for assessing occupational knowledge (theory) all stored in an electronic Test Item Bank (TIB) at the Directorate of Industrial Training.
- 3.4 Performance (Practical) Test Items (PTI) are closely related to typical work situations in Ugandan business enterprises. They comprise of a test assignment for candidates and assessment criteria and/or scoring guides for assessors' use.
- 3.5 Written Test items (WTI) for written testing of occupational theory, (knowledge) are presented in different forms which include:
 - Short answer test items.
 - Multiple choice test items
 - Matching test items,

These WTIs herein focus on functional understanding as well as trouble-shooting typically synonymous with the world of work.

- 3.6 Composition of assessment/test papers will always require good choices of different types of WTI in order to ensure the assessment of relevant occupational knowledge required of candidates to exhibit competence.
- 3.7 The test items contained in the Test Item Bank may be used for continuous/formative assessment during the process of training as well as for summative assessment of candidates who have acquired their competences non-formally or informally.
- 3.8 In this document, samples of test items for assessing both performance (practical) and occupational knowledge (theory) of a **BEAD ARTIST** are included.

3.9 Overview of test item samples included:

No	Type of test items	Numbers included
1.	Written (Theory)- short answer	2
2.	Written (Theory)- multiple choice	2
3.	Written (Theory)- matching item- generic	1
4.	Written (Theory)- matching item -work sequence	2
5.	Performance (Practical) test items	2
	Total	9

WRITTEN TEST ITEM (SAMPLES)

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- No. 1				
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist				
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer	√			
	Multiple choice				
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence	
Complexity level:	C1				
Date of OP:	September, 2020				
Related modules:	M1.1				
Time allocation:	2 minutes				

Test Item	State any four beading techniques			
Answer spaces	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)			
Expected key (answers)	(i) Gluing (ii) Knotting (iii) Weaving (iv) Stringing (v) Sewing (vi) Soldering (vii) Riveting (viii) Assemblage			

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- No. 2				
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist				
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer		V		
	Multiple choice				
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence	
Complexity level:	C1				
Date of OP:	September, 2020				
Related modules:	M1.1				
Time allocation:	2 minutes				

Test Item	List three materials you can use to make beads		
Answer spaces	(i) (ii) (iii)		
Expected key (answers)	(i) Paper (ii) Wood (iii) Clay (iv) Glass (v) Plastic (vi) Shells (vii) Stones (viii) Seeds (ix) Metal (x) Bones		

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 3				
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist				
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
Test Item type:	Multiple choice	$\sqrt{}$			
rest item type.		Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence	
	Matching item				
Complexity level:	C2				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related module:	M1.1				
Time allocation:	2 minutes				

Test Item	Which of the following statements is WRONG			
Distractors and	A. 3D geometrical shapes have the X, Y and Z axes B. An oval drawn on a paper is a 2D geometric shape			
correct answer	C. Irregular shapes have only one size			
	D. Beads can be made in regular shapes			

Key (answer)

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 4				
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist				
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
	Multiple choice		$\sqrt{}$		
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence	
Complexity level:	C3				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related module:	M1.1				
Time allocation:	2 minutes				

Test Item	Which of the following defines the surface quality of the bead?
Distractors and correct answer	A. Glue B. Colour C. Texture D. Size

Key (answer)	С
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DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.5				
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist				
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
	Multiple choice				
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence	
		V			
Complexity level:	C2				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related module:	M1.2				
Time allocation:	5 minutes				

	Column (A) (Tools)			
1	Scissors			
2	Heat gun			
3	Tape measure			
4	Ruler			
5	Pencil/pen			
6	Needle			
7	Drilling machine			

	Column (B) (Uses)
Α	Sketching and marking the surface
В	Cutting and trimming
С	Spraying color/ vanish/ preservatives
D	Cleaning
Е	Drawing straight lines
F	Put holes in a bead
G	Measuring
Н	Stitching
I	Applying glue

Key (answer)	1.B; 2.I; 3.G; 4.E; 5.A; 6.H; 7.F,
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DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.6					
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist					
Competence level:	Level 1					
Code no.						
	Short answer					
	Multiple choice					
Test Item type:		Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence		
	Matching item			V		
Complexity level:	C2					
Date of OP:	September 2020					
Related tasks:	M1:1					
Time allocation:	4 minutes					

Test Item	Arrange the following activities of making a paper bead in chronological order
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Column A (chronology)	Column B (activities) in wrong chronological order	
1 st	Α	Vanish bead
2 nd	В	Dry bead
3 rd	С	String bead
4 th	D	Roll paper
5 th	Е	Cut paper
6 th	F	Glue paper
7 th	G	Draft sketch
8 th	Н	Paint bead
9 th	I	Measure paper
10 th	J	Store beads

Key (answer)	1-G,2-I,3-E,4-D,5-F,6-C,7-H,8-A,9-B,10-J
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DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.7				
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist				
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
	Multiple choice]
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause-	Work-	
			Effect	sequence	
				$\sqrt{}$	
Complexity level:	C3				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related tasks:	M1:2				
Time allocation:	5 minutes				

Test Item Arrange the followin in chronological order	g surface decorative procedures for a wall hanging
--	--

Column A (chronology)	Column B (surface decorative procedures) in wrong chronological order		
1 st	Α	Select surface	
2 nd	В	Apply the beads onto the surface using glue	
3 rd	С	Develop the designs	
4 th	D	Shaping of the surface	
5 th	Е	Transferring of the design onto surface	
6 th	F	Frame the product	
7 th	G	Clean the surface	
8 th	Н	Clean and dry the product	

Key (answer)	1.C; 2.A; 3.D; 4.G; 5.E; 6.B; 7.H; 8; F
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PERFORMANCE TEST ITEMS

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Performance Test Item No.8	
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist	
Competence level:	Level 1	
Code no.		
Test Item:	Decorate a belt using natural beads by gluing	
Complexity level:	P2	
Date of OP:	September 2020	
Related module: M1.2		
Related skills and Knowledge: Gluing techniques, Adhesive application, Nature of surfaces management, Color scheme, Painting techniques, Vanishing of Paints, Types of natural beads, Drawing techniques		
Required tools, water, natural beads, paper, vanish, assorted brushes, glue grade adhesives Materials:		
Time allocation:	4 hours	
Preferred venue:	Workshop/studio	
Remarks for candidates	Observe health and safety precautions	
Remarks for assessors	Provide tools, equipment and materials listed above	

#	Assessment criteria	Scoring guide	Max. Score	
#	Assessment Criteria	Scoring guide	Process	Result
1	Preparation for the task	Wore PPE Overall Gloves facemask		4
		selected tools materials		2
		assembled materials		2
		Determined source of inspiration	2	
2	Concept development	Made sketches	3	
		Made working drawing		4
	Design belt	Selected tools and materials	2	
3		Sorted natural beads	3	
		Assembled beads on the belt	3	
4	Measured materials	Determined surface for gluing	3	1
		Determined the shape of the back ground material	2	1

		Vanished beads by dipping	3	
5	Varnished beads	Dried under shade		2
_	Performed gluing	A shinny appearance achieved		3
		Applied glue; evenly, along marked lines, thin or thick		2
6		Assembled beads according to pattern		2
		Dried assembled beads (beads stuck firmly onto the surface)		2
7	Performed Finishing	Cut off unwanted materials		3
		Removed waste materials		3
8	Cleaned work places	Cleared tools		2
	Clouriou work places	Arranged tools and materials for storage		2
	Total (Y)	Process + Results	09	27
	Maximum score	$\frac{x}{y}$ x 100		

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Performance Test Item No.11	
Occupational Title:	Bead Artist	
Competence level:	e level: P3	
Code no.		
Test Item:	Prepare paper beads and use them to design a necklace of length 16- 22inches	
Complexity level:	3	
Date of OP:	September 2020	
Related module:	M1.2	
Required tools, Equipment, and Materials:	cutters, pliers, adhesives, paint, ink, graphite, geometric set, Frei	
Related skills and knowledge: gluing techniques, adhesive application, waste management, of scheme, painting techniques, vanishing, types of paints, draw techniques, types of paper, cutting techniques, rolling techniques measurement, accuracy, finishing techniques, time management		
Time allocation:	5hours	
Preferred venue:	Workshop/studio	
Remarks for candidates	Observe health and safety precautions	
Remarks for assessors	Provide tools and materials listed above	

Assessment		Scoring guide	Max. score	
	criteria		Process	Result
1	Preparation for task	Wore PPE Overall Gloves facemask		4
		Selected tools and materials		2
2	Make paper	Identified tools and materials	3	
	beads	Assembled tools and materials		4
		Measured paper	3	
		Cut paper	4	
		Rolled paper	4	
		Glued paper	4	

		Arranged beads on string	4	
		Vanished paper beads	3	
		Paper bead observed		4
3	Develop concept	assembled materials		3
		Determined source of inspiration	3	
		Made sketches		3
		Made working drawing		4
4	Design necklace	Selected tools and materials		2
		Measured string	2	
		A string of length16-22inches observed		3
		Assembled beads into string	4	
		Paper bead necklace observed		4
		Necklace of length 16-22 inches verified		4
5	Demobilization of	Cleaned work area		3
	resource	Cleaned tools and materials		3
		Stored tools		3
	Total (Y)	Process + Results	37	44
	Maximum score	$\frac{x}{y}$ x 100		,

4.0 ATP-PART IV

INFORMATION ON REVIEW PROCESS

4.1 Occupational Profile Review (September 2020)

The Occupational Profile was exclusively reviewed by job practitioners who were working in the Bead Artist occupation. The job expert panel, guided by UVQF Facilitators, defined duties and tasks performed and provided additional generic information regarding the occupation.

4.2 Training Module Review (September 2020)

Based on the <u>Occupational Profile</u> for Bead Artist of September 2020, training modules were reviewed by job practitioners, guided by UVQF Facilitators.

4.3 Test Item Review (September 2020)

Based on the <u>Occupational Profile</u> for Bead Artist of September 2020 and Training Modules, Test Items were reviewed by combined panels of instructors and job practitioners, guided by UVQF Facilitators.

4.4 Methodology

The rationale for the Assessment and Training Package development was to link vocational Education and Training to the real world of work by bridging Occupational Standards to Training Standards through industry led Standards-Based Assessment. Active participation of both instructors and job practitioners' panels consolidated the development philosophy.

The panelists worked as teams in workshop settings complemented by off-workshop field research and literature review activities including international benchmarking.

4.5 Review panel

The participants' panels of job practitioners required at different stages were constituted by members from the following organisations;

S/no	Name	Organisation	
1)	Migisha Moses	Kawanda S.S/ Hawaz Gallery	
2)	Nalwoga Resty	Uganda Martyrs Namugongo	
3)	Lumu Robert	Green Amba	
4)	Tibaijuka Olive	Spiritual Shade Ltd	
5)	Nyadoi Suzan Sharon	Ntinda Vocational Training Institute	
6)	Kirabo Margret	Maggie Afro Designs	
7)	Namuwonge Jenny Kyeyune	City High School	
8)	Nakawunde Robinah	Makerere College School	
9)	Kasule Brian	Agile Design Centre Ltd	
10)	Nakimbugwe Matilda	Michelangelo College Of Creative Arts Kisubi	
11)	Kamiza Kenneth	Risen Concepts Ltd	

QUALITY CHECK PANEL

No	Name	Organisation
1)	Nakisendo Fatuma	DIT
2)	Nalwanga Rebecca	DIT
3)	Matende Shamsi	DIT
4)	Wasswa Abraham Batte	NCDC
5)	Kyatuhire Doreen	DIT
6)	Ainembabazi Faith	DIT
7)	Benjamin Alex Kibira	DIT
8)	Ntambi Denis	DIT

4.6 Facilitator team:

This Assessment and Training Package was reviewed by a Facilitator team listed below:

1. **Team Leader**: Ms Mukyala Ruth Ag. Deputy Director/QS Dept, DIT

2. **Facilitators:** Ms. Ainembabazi Faith, Mr. Turyamusimira Johnson

3. Facilitators for quality check were: Kusasira Agnes and Ahimbisibwe Judith

and Namwebya Sarah as Data Entrant.

4. Data Entrants: Mr. Ronald Musoke

Ms. Namuleme Sarah

5. Compiled by: Mr. Ronald Musoke

6. Edited by: Ms. Mukyala Ruth Ag. Deputy Director QS Dept. DIT

7. Coordinated by: Mr. Byakatonda Patrick, Ag. Director, DIT and Ms Mukyala

Ruth Ag. Deputy Director/QS Dept, DIT

4.7 Reference time:

The Assessment and Training Package was compiled in September 2020 and may be periodically revised to match the dynamic trends in the occupation and hence issued in different versions.

References:

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