

THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA Ministry of Education and Sports

Directorate of Industrial Training



Qualification Level: 1

Occupational Cluster: Technology and Design

September 2020



Assessment and Training Package

For a BRIQUETTE MAKER

Qualification Level: 1

Occupational Cluster: Technology and Design

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Under BTVET Act, 2008, the functions of the Directorate of Industrial Training are:

- (a) To identify the needs of the labour market for occupational competencies that fall under the UVQF.
- (b) To regulate apprenticeship schemes.
- (c) To foster and promote entrepreneurial values and skills, as an integral part of the UVQF.
- (d) To secure adequate and sustainable financing for the efficient operations of the Directorate.
- (e) To accredit training institutions or companies as assessment centres.
- (f) To determine fees payable under the Act.
- (g) To develop, apply, expand and improve the purposeful application of Uganda vocational qualifications defined in the UVQF.
- (h) To assess and award Uganda Vocational Qualifications.
- (i) To promote on-the-job training in industry for apprenticeship, traineeship and indenture training and for other training such as further skills training and upgrading.
- (j) To prescribe the procedure for the making of training schemes.

Further to the above provisions, there is an established Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework (UVQF), under part V of the BTVET Act, 2008. It is stated that:

The purpose of the UVQF is to;

- (a) Define occupational standards in the world of work.
- (b) Define assessment standards.
- (c) Award vocational qualifications of learners who meet the set standards of different studies.
- (d) Provide guidelines for modular training.

The UVQF shall follow principles of Competence Based Education and Training (CBET) which include:

- (a) Flexible training or learning modules.
- (b) Positive assessment and certification.
- (c) Assessment of prior learning.
- (d) Recognition of formal and non-formal training.
- (e) Self-paced or individual learning.
- (f) Work place learning.

For award and recognition of certificates, the BTVET Act, 2008 provides that:

- (1) The Directorate and other examination boards established under the Act shall award certificates and diplomas for Business, Technical or Vocational Education and Training under the UVQF.
- (2) The Certificates and Diplomas to be awarded shall be in the form prescribed by the Minister on the recommendation of the Industrial Training Council.
- (3) The Certificates and Diplomas awarded under the Act shall be recognised in the Uganda education system and by the labour market.

Under the TVET Implementation Standards 2020, the proposed new mandate of the Directorate of Industrial Training shall be restricted to promoting the highest standards in the quality and efficiency of industrial training in the country and ensuring an adequate supply of properly trained manpower at all levels in the industry and the world of work.

The functions shall include:

- (a) Regulating Industrial Training and Trainers.
- (b) Developing Industrial Training Curricula.
- (c) Harmonising Curricula and Certificates of competence.
- (d) Assessing Industrial Training.
- (e) Development of Occupational Standards and Assessment and Training Packages (ATPs) for Trade Testing for the industry and world of work.
- (f) Awarding certificates in that respect.

At operational level in the Directorate, the Qualification Standards Department performs development tasks related to concepts, procedures and instruments for establishment of the UVQF in close collaboration with both public and private stakeholders in vocational training.

In particular, the Department organises and coordinates the development of Assessment and Training Packages for use in competence-based vocational training as well as standards-based assessment and certification.

The Directorate has therefore produced this Assessment and Training Package for use in implementing Competence-Based Education and Training mechanisms.

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Word from Permanent Secretary

The Kajubi Report (1989) and the Uganda Government White Paper on Education Review (1992) emphasised that the Uganda Secondary School Education should be vocationalised.

The World Bank Report on education in Uganda 2007 observed that although Uganda was experiencing steady economic growth on one hand, the secondary education curriculum was inadequately addressing the social and economic needs of the country on the other. The Report further noted that it is not the very top academic cadres that contribute most to the growth of the GDP but rather the competent middle level technicians that are flexible and technologically literate that the economy needs in the labour market at all levels.

Correspondingly, the NDP III 2020/21- 2024/5 highlights (i) low labour productivity (ii) high youth unemployment (38%) (iii) low transition rates from training to employment (35%) as some of the key challenges to Human Capital Development in Uganda.

In order to overcome these challenges, NDP III 2020/21- 2024/5, under objective 2 peaks the need to train the learners for the urgently needed skills and mainstream a dual education and training system. This paved way for the development of the lower secondary school vocational curriculum which supports both academic and vocational training.

The afore is in line with the Uganda Vision 2040. Under section 261, it emphasises that learners will be accorded opportunities to excel in the skills areas they are placed into. These will range from sports and cut to technical and vocational training. Hitherto, section 262 clearly states that the entire education system will be changed to emphasise practical skills, attitude and moral values.

Government of Uganda through the Ministry of Education and Sports rolled out the New Lower Secondary Curriculum in secondary schools countrywide during the first term of the academic year 2020. The overall goal of this curriculum is to produce graduates with employable skills and who are competitive in the labour market. It should be emphasised that vocational training will produce graduates who are employable. In the New curriculum, emphasis will be on equipping learners with employable skills and competencies. This will enable learners perform the requisite duties of the specified occupations. This is the reason why the lower secondary school vocational curriculum was tailored to the assessment requirements of the world of work.

Reading from the Curriculum Framework page 12, it is stated that the learners will be assessed by DIT. Upon assessment and certification, the graduates will be employable and competitive in the labour market. It's against this background that DIT, within its mandate vested in the BTVET Act, 2008 comes on board to take the lead in the development of the requisite Assessment and Training Packages (ATPs) for the various occupations that will be assessed under the Lower Secondary Curriculum.

The ATPs can be used by any training provider and/or those who wish to present themselves for Occupational Assessment and Certification.

Herewith, the Directorate of Industrial Training presents the Assessment and Training Package for training, assessment and certification of a **BRIQUETTE MAKER QUALIFICATION LEVEL 1.**

Finally, I thank all individuals, organisations and review partners who have contributed and/or participated in the review of this noble document.

Alex Kakooza

Permanent Secretary

Executive Summary

This Assessment and Training Package is a Competence-Based Education and Training (CBET) tool and consists of three major parts:

- 0.1 PART I: The Occupational Profile (OP) of a BRIQUETTE MAKER. This Occupational Profile which was reviewed by Briquette Maker's practicing in the world of work mirrors the duties and tasks that Briquette Maker's are expected to perform.
- 0.2 **PART II: Training Modules** in the form of guidelines to train Briquette Maker s both on the job as well as in training centres (or combinations of both venues of learning). The Training Modules herein have been reviewed basing on the Occupational Profile and hence are directly relevant for employment.
- 0.3 PART III: Assessment Instruments in the form of performance (Practical) and written (theory) test items that can and should be used to assess whether a person complies with the requirements of employment as a BRIQUETTE MAKER. These assessment instruments were reviewed jointly by job practitioners (Briquette Maker s) and instructors based on the occupational profile and training modules.
- 0.4 While the Occupational Profile (OP) contained in PART I of this document provides the information on <u>WHAT a person is expected to do</u> competently in the world of work, the test items, including performance criteria- of PART III qualify the <u>HOW and/or HOW WELL a person must do the job</u>.
- 0.5 The modular format of the curriculum (PART II) allows learners to acquire job specific skills and knowledge (i.e. competencies) module by module. A single module can be accomplished within a relatively short duration allowing flexibility for learners to move directly into an entry level job, go for further modules or advance to higher levels of training. Modular courses allow more learners to access the training system because training centres as well as companies can accommodate more learners in a given period of time.
- 0.6 In addition to improved access, equity and relevance of BTVET, the UVQF will also enable people who are convinced to have acquired competencies laid down in this ATP through prior training and on-the-job experience to access assessment and certification directly; be it on the basis of a single module, a group of modules or all modules pertaining to the occupation at once. This achievement will facilitate Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).

- 0.7 The parts of this Assessment and Training Package were sequentially reviewed as follows:
 - i Part 1: Occupational Profile: August 2020ii Part 2: Training Modules: August 2020
 - iii Part 3: Assessment Instruments (initial bank): August 2020

This ATP (or parts of it) may be periodically revised to match the dynamic trends in the occupation and hence issued in different versions.

DIT takes responsibility of any shortcomings that might be identified in this publication and welcomes suggestions for effectively addressing the inadequacies. The suggestion can be communicated to DIT through P.O. Box 20050, Kampala or through email uvaf.dit@gmail.com.

Patrick Byakatonda Ag Director

Acknowledgement

The Qualifications Standards Department of DIT wishes to sincerely acknowledge the valuable contributions to the review of this Assessment and Training Package by the following persons, Institutions and organisations:

- Members of the DIT Industrial Training Council,
- The Director and staff of DIT,
- Ministry of Education and Sports,
- The practitioners from the world of work,
- Teachers of Briquette Maker from various Secondary Schools,
- Briquette Maker Curriculum Specialists from NCDC,
- Examination Specialists from UNEB,
- The facilitators involved in guiding the review panel in their activities,
- The Government of Uganda for financing the review of this ATP.

Abbreviations and Acronyms

A&C Assessment and Certification

ATP Assessment and Training Packages

CBET Competency Based Education and Training

DIT Directorate of Industrial Training

ITC Industrial Training Council
GoU Government of Uganda

LWA Learning-Working Assignment

MC Modular Curriculum

MoES Ministry of Education and Sports

OP Occupational Profile
PEX Practical Exercise

PTI Performance (Practical) Test Item

QS Qualification Standards

RPL Recognition of Prior Learning

TIB Test Item Bank

TVET Technical, Vocational, Education and Training

UVQ Uganda Vocational Qualification

UVQF Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework

WTI Written (Theory) Test Item

Key Definitions

Assessment Assessment is the means by which evidence is gathered and judged to

decide if an individual has met the stipulated assessment standards or

not. Testing is a form of formal assessment.

Certification Certification is a formal procedure to issue a certificate (qualification) to

an individual that has demonstrated during formal assessment that he/she is competent to perform the tasks specified in the occupational

profile.

Competence Integration of skills, knowledge, attitudes, attributes and expertise in

doing /performing tasks in the world of work to a set standard.

Competency (Occupational) competence is understood as the ability to perform

tasks common to an occupation at an acceptable level.

CBET Competence-based education and training means that programs:

1. have content directly related to work

2. focus is on 'doing something well'

3. assessment is based upon industry work standards, and

4. curricula are developed in modular form

Duty A Duty describes a large area of work in performance terms. A duty

serves as a title for a cluster of related Tasks (see also: TASK).

Learning-Working Assignment (LWA) LWA are simulated or real job situations / assignments that are suitable for learning in a training environment (e.g. "small projects"). In a working environment LWAs are real work situations /assignments.

Modules are part(s) of a curriculum. Modules can be considered as

"self-contained" partial qualifications which are described by learning outcomes or competencies and which can be assessed and certified

individually.

Occupational Profile (OP)

An Occupational Profile is an overview of the duties and tasks a job incumbent is expected to perform competently in employment.

Occupational Profiles developed by practitioners from the world of work enhance the relevance of training and learning to the requirements of the

world of work.

Occupational Profiles define what a person is supposed to do in performance terms. It also contains generic information regarding related knowledge and skills, attitudes/behavior, tools, materials and equipment required to perform as well as trends/ concerns in the occupation.

Occupational profiles are the reference points for developing modular curricular and assessment standards

Qualification

A qualification is a formal recognition for demonstrating competence, based on formal assessment against set standards. A qualification is provided to the individual in form of a certificate specifying the nature of the competence.

Task

Job tasks represent the smallest unit of job activities with a meaningful outcome. Tasks result in a product, service, or decision. They represent an assignable unit of work and have a definite beginning and ending point. Tasks can be observed and measured. (Also see: Duty)

1.0 ATP-PART I

Occupational Profile for a BRIQUETTE MAKER

- 1.1 The OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE (OP) for "Briquette Maker" below defines the **Duties** and **Tasks** a competent Briquette Maker is expected to perform in the world of work (on the job) in Uganda and the East African region today.
- 1.2 Since it reflects the skill requirements of work life, the Occupational Profile is the reference document for the subsequent development of training modules and assessment instruments (test items) which are directly relevant to employment in Ugandan and the East African businesses and industries.
- 1.3 To ensure that the Occupational Profile is relevant for employment in Uganda and East Africa, the DIT used the method of "occupational/job profiling.¹
 - This approach involves the brainstorming of a panel of 8 to 12 competent job practitioners guided by trained and experienced facilitators. During a two-day workshop the panelists defined the duties and tasks performed in employment, as well as the prerequisite skills, knowledge, attitudes, tools and equipment, and the future trends and concerns in the occupation/job.
- 1.4 The panelists, facilitators and coordinators who participated in developing this Occupational Profile are listed on the following page.

Expert Panel

Kalette George William

Mengo S S

Kasaato Samuel

Maama Heat

Mulondo Kennedy

Uni-Trust Community Development Co. Ltd

Aheebwa Moses

Right Hand Vocational Center

Wycliff Edwin Tusiime

Kyambogo University-Bushenyi

Tumuheirwe Aidah

United Innovations
Development Center

Nimanya Abas Kashagire

Right Projects Ltd

Natabi grace

Self-Help Development Assistant

Ssemanda Taddeo

Raphael Investment Ltd

Facilitators

Noeline Komugisha

Directorate of Industrial Training

Nakisendo Fatuma

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Directorate of Industrial Training

Funded by

Government of Uganda



THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA Ministry of Education and Sports

Directorate of Industrial Training

Occupational Profile of a

"BRIQUETTE MAKER"

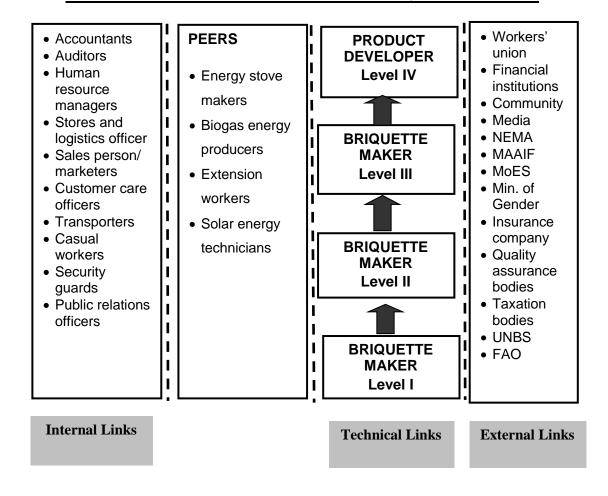
Developed by: Directorate of Industrial Training (Qualifications Standards)

Dates of workshop: 14th - 18th September 2020

NOMENCLATURE FOR THE OCCUPATION OF BRIQUETTE MAKER

Definition: A Briquette Maker is a person who turns organic materials into solid products of carbon content that can be used as a source of energy.

JOB ORGANISATION CHART FOR A BRIQUETTE MAKER



Level I Briquette Maker: This is a person who follows an already established formula to produce briquettes from organic materials.

Duties and Tasks

A. PLAN BRIQUETTE MAKING	A1	Develop business idea	A2	Carryout feasibility study	A3	Carryout market analysis
WORKS	A4	Determine labour requirements	A5	Determine business location	A6	Determine type of briquettes
	A7	Prepare procurement plan for tools equipment and materials	A8	Prepare production plan	A9	Identify source of funds
			A11	Provision for record keeping		
B. DEVELOP PRODUCT	B1	Generate ideas	B2	Screen ideas	В3	Develop product features
	B4	Design the product	B5	Test product	В6	Test market performance
	В7	Develop prototype	B8	Commercialise product		
C. ESTABLISH BRIQUETTE MAKING	C1	Reserve business name	C2	Prepare company profile	C3	Recruit workers
BUSINESS	C4	Register business	C5	Secure premises	C6	Source funds
	C7	Acquire operational licenses				
D. MAKE BRIQUETTES	D1	Gather organic material	D2	Assemble technology	D3	Dry material
	D4	Carbonise the material	D5	Crush carbonise material	D6	Sieve carbonised material
	D7	Mix material with binder	D8	Mold mixture	D9	Dry product
	D10	Test quality of product	D11	Store product		_

E. PREPARE TOOLS EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS	E1 E4	Prepare organic waste Select tools, equipment and materials Procure tools equipment and materials	E2	Prepare binders Operate tools and equipment	E3	and equipment
F. MARKET PRODUCT	F1	Brand product	F2	Package product	F3	Advertise product
	F4	Promote product	F5	Transport briquettes	F6	Sell product
G. MANAGE BUSINESS RECORDS	G1	Keep production records	G2	Keep sales records	G3	Keep financial records
	G4	Keep quality control records	G5	Keep store records	G6	Keep human resource records
	G7	Store records				
					Т	1
H. PERFORM OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH, SAFETY	H1	Perform fire fighting	H2	Administer first aid	Н3	Manage waste
AND ENVIRONMENTA	H4	Display safety signs	Н5	Wear protective gear	Н6	Clean work environment
L PROTECTION PRACTICES	Н7	Sensitise workers on health issues				
I. PERFORM ADMINISTRATIVE	l1	Recruit workers	12	Develop training manuals	13	Assign tasks
TASKS	14	Remunerate workers	15	Appraise workers	16	Supervise workers
	17	Resolve conflicts	18	Discipline workers	19	Train workers
	l10	Mentor workers	l111	Attend technical meetings		

Additional Information

Generic Knowledge & Skills

- 1. Type of waste materials
- 2. Type of binders
- 3. Machines used
- 4. Security and safety awareness
- 5. Mode of transport to be used
- 6. Construction of drying areas
- 7. Health and safety precautions
- 8. Types of technology to be used
- 9. Types of briquettes to produce
- 10. Boiling and heating
- 11. Customer relations
- 12. Market research
- 13. Tools equipment and materials
- 14. Sourcing of tools equipment and material
- 15. Knowledge of compressing the mixture
- 16. Selling techniques
- 17. Quality control
- 18. Drying methods
- 19. Maintenance of tools and materials
- 20. Digging clay
- 21. Methods of crushing

- 26. Interpersonal relations
- 27. Customer care
- 28. Training skills
- 29. Good with the hands
- 30. Problem solving skills
- 31. Safety, health and environment
- 32. Public relations
- 33. Business
- 34. Time management
- 35. Good hand-eye co-ordination
- 36. An eye for detail
- 37. Planning skills
- 38. Financial management
- 39. Communication skills
- 40. Innovation skills
- 41. Creativity
- 42. Packaging
- 43. Marketing
- 44. Tool assembling
- 45. Methods of turning organic waste to carbon
- 46. Storage facilities

Tools, Materials and Equipment

- 1. Carboniser
- 2. Crushers/sieves
- 3. Mixer
- 4. Presser
- 5. Drying shade/open space exposed to sunshine
- 6. Plastic drum
- 7. Spade
- 8. Plywood
- 9. Dry banana waste
- 10. Charcoal dust/papers/maize combs
- 11 Soil
- 12. Cassava flour/binder/starch
- 13. Clay soil/ant hill soil
- 14. Waste paper
- 15. Weighing Scale

- 16. Agricultural waste
- 17. Cardboards
- 18. Water hyacinth
- 19. Hoes
- 20. Slashers
- 21. Knife
- 22. Jeri can
- 23. Basin
- 24. Gloves
- 25. Gumboots
- 26. Overall
- 27. Helmet
- 28. Nosals mask
- 29. Molder

Attitudes / Traits / Behavior

- 1. Carries out conflict resolution
- 2. Organised
- 3. Respectful
- 4. Trustworthy
- 5. Team player
- 6. Dedicated
- 7. Self-motivated
- 8. Punctual/time manager
- 9. Self-driven
- 10. Innovative and creative
- 11. Enthusiastic
- 12. Disciplined
- 13. Social
- 14. Realistic
- 15. God fearing
- 16. Honest
- 17. Cooperative
- 18. Communication skills
- 19. Humility

- 20. Hard working
- 21. Resourceful
- 22. Good listener
- 23. Result oriented
- 24. Trainable
- 25. Strategic
- 26. Empathetic
- 27. Active
- 28. Flexible
- 29. Researcher
- 30. Risk taker/risk averse
- 31. Dynamic
- 32. Leader
- 33. Patient
- 34. Tolerant
- 35. Proactive
- 36. Interpersonal skills
- 37. Decision making
- 38. Assertive

Future Trends and Concerns

- 1. Expansion of market
- 2. Growth opportunities
- 3. Leading market players
- 4. Competition from other energy sources
- 5. Variety improvements
- 6. Internet, website etc.
- 7. Exportation
- 8. Price fluctuation
- Continuous professional development in briquette making
- 10. Need for better storage facilities
- 11. Need value addition
- 12. Environment degradation
- 13. Climate change

- 14. Need to visit model enterprises
- 15. Unfavourable credit facilities/terms and conditions
- 16. High levels of taxation
- 17. Need for extension services
- 18. Advancement in technology
- 19. Lack of formal curriculum on briquette making
- 20. Growing markets
- 21. Land shortages
- 22. Increasing competition from imported produce
- 23. Increasing population
- 24. High set standards on foreign markets
- 25. Availability of raw materials
- 26. Research on new technology to be used

2.0 ATP - PART II

Training Modules for a BRIQUETTE MAKER

- 2.1 A curriculum is a "guide /plan for teaching and learning" which provides a guide to teachers, instructors and learners. In the envisaged system of competence-based or outcome-oriented education and training (CBET), Curricula are no longer the benchmark against which assessment is conducted. It is rather the Occupational Profile that provides the benchmark for Curriculum development as well as assessment.
- 2.2 This modular format of the curriculum allows learners of BRIQUETTE MAKER to acquire job specific skills and knowledge (i.e. competencies) module by module. A single module can be accomplished within a relatively short duration allowing learners to move directly into an entry level job, do further modules and advance to higher levels of training. Modular courses allow more learners to access the training system because training centers, as well as companies can accommodate more learners in a given period of time.
- 2.3 The modules were developed jointly by both instructors and job practitioners. They were developed using the Occupational Profile as a reference point and taking into account the specifications of training and learning outcomes.
- 2.4 The modules contain "Learning-Working Assignments" (LWAs) and related "Practical Exercises" (PEXs) as key elements.
 - LWAs are simulated or real job situations/assignments that are suitable for learning in a training environment (e.g. "small projects"). In a working environment, LWAs are real work situations.
 - PEXs are therefore sub-sets of a LWA.
- 2.5 In principle, and following the philosophy of Competence-Based Education and Training (CBET), the modules can be used as a guide for learning in a training Centre, at the workplace; or a combination of both.

WHO IS A BRIQUETTE MAKER QUALIFICATION LEVEL 1?

A Level I Briquette Maker is a person who follows an already established formula to produce briquettes from organic materials

TRAINING MODULES FOR A BRIQUETTE MAKER UVQ LEVEL 1

Code	Module Title	Average duration		
		Contact hours	Weeks	
UE/BM/M1.1	Start and Manage Briquette Making Enterprise	160	4 weeks	
UE/BM/M1.2	Prepare Materials for Briquette Making	40	1 week	
UE/BM/M1.3 Produce Briquettes		80	2weeks	
TOTAL	3 Training Modules	280 hours	7 weeks	

Note: Average duration is contact time but NOT calendar duration

It is assumed that:

- 1 day is equivalent to 8 hours of nominal learning and
- 1 month is equivalent to 160 hours of nominal learning.

Information given on the average duration of training should be understood as a guideline. Quick learners may need less time than indicated or vice versa.

At completion of a module, the leaner should be able to satisfactorily perform the included Learning Working Assignments, their Practical Exercises and attached theoretical instruction, as the minimum exposure.

Prior to summative assessment by recognised agencies, the users of these Module Guides are encouraged to carefully consider continuous assessment using samples of (or similar) performance (practical) and written test items available in part 3 of this ATP.

TRAINING MODULES FOR BRIQUETTE MAKER

Code	UE/BM/M1.1
Module title	M1.1: Establish and Manage Briquette Making Enterprise
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (BRIQUETTE MAKER UVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After completion of this module, a trainee should be able to start and successfully manage a briquette making enterprise.
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	LWA1/1 Perform Administrative Work LWA1/2 Develop Business Plan LWA1/3 Carryout Marketing LWA1/4 Set up a Briquette Workshop LWA1/5 Procure Tools, Materials and Equipment LWA1/6 Manage Business Records LWA1/7 Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	 Note: The learning exercises must be repeated until the trainee acquires a targeted competence. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA1/1 Perform Administrative Tasks PEX1:1. Recruit workers PEX1:2. Train workers PEX1:3. Prepare work schedule PEX1:4. Assign work PEX1:5. Remunerate workers PEX1:6. Supervise works LWA1/2 Develop Business Plan PEX2:1. Develop business idea PEX2:2. Carryout field study PEX2:3. Prepare budget LWA1/3 Market Briquettes PEX3:1. Carryout market survey PEX3:2. Brand products PEX3:3. Package products

	PEX3:4.	Advert products
	PEX3:5.	Promote products
	PEX3:6.	Sell products
	LWA1/4	Set up a Briquette Workshop
	PEX4.1:	Source capital
	PEX4.2:	Determine workshop location
	PEX4.3:	Register business
	PEX4.4:	Acquire operational permit and licenses
	LWA 1/5:	: Procure Tools, Equipment and Materials.
	PEX5:1.	Determine tools equipment and materials
	PEX5:2.	Identify source of tools, equipment and materials
	PEX5:3.	Negotiate payment terms
	PEX5:4.	Acquire tools equipment and materials
	PEX5:5.	Transport tools, equipment and materials
	PEX5:6.	Store tools, equipment and materials
	LWA 1/6	Manage Business Records
	PEX6:1.	Prepare records e.g. sales, inventory, store etc.
	PEX6:2.	Prepare reports
	PEX6:3.	Carryout business audit
	PEX6.4.	Store records
	LWA 1/7:	Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	PEX7:1.	Display safety signs
	PEX7:2.	Administer first aid
	PEX7:3.	Perform firefighting
	PEX7:4.	Sensitise workers on pandemics prevention e.g. COVID19 and HIV
	PEX 7:5.	Manage waste
Occupational health and safety	safety ar related k	ons, rules and regulations on occupational health, and environmental protection included in the listed nowledge should be observed and demonstrated VAs and PEXs.
Pre-requisite modules	None	
Related knowledge/ theory	demonsti In any ca	pational theory suggested for instruction/ ration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. se, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained ous recognised reference materials as ate:
	• M	arket prices
	• B	randing
	• Pa	ackaging
		eans of advertisements

	Existing competitors		
	Marketing strategies Types of hydrogenes		
	Types of businesses Pusing and pusing a pusing and pusing a pusing		
	Business planning and management		
	Benefits of information technology and communication		
	Forms of communication		
	Types of business records		
	Forms of taxes		
	Developing a business plan		
	Importance of networking		
	Qualities of an entrepreneur		
	Characteristics of a successful business		
	Customer care		
	Benefits of research		
	Means of transport		
	Price negotiations		
Average duration of	160 hours (20 Days) of nominal learning suggested to include:		
learning	5days of occupational theory and		
	15days of occupational practice		
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided that all equipment and materials required for this module training are in place.		
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from item bank.		
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	camera, computer, calculator, telephone, data storage device, projector, white/black board, printer, filing cabinets, resource books		
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	stationery, airtime, and the Internet		
Special notes			

Code	UE/BM/M1.2
Module title	M1.2: Prepare Materials for Briquette Making
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (BRIQUETTE MAKER UVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After completion of this module, the trainee shall be able to prepare different types of materials for briquette making.
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 2/1: Gather Raw Materials LWA 2/2: Carbonise Raw Material LWA 2/3: Pulverise Char LWA 2/4: Prepare Binder LWA 2/5: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	 Note: The learning exercises must be repeated until the trainee acquires a targeted competence. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA 2/1: Gather Raw Materials PEX1:1. Sort raw materials PEX1:2. Dry raw materials PEX1:3. Store raw materials
	LWA 2/2: Carbonise Raw Materials PEX2:1. Prepare carboniser PEX2:2. Make char PEX2:3. Cool carbonised materials
	LWA 2/3: Pulverise Char PEX3:1. Crush carbonised materials PEX3:2. Sieve carbonised material PEX3:3. Store fine carbonised material LWA 2/4: Prepare binder PEX4:1 Measure the ratios PEX4:2 Prepare starch PEX4:3 Pound clay or ant hill soil PEX4:4 Pulp paper

	LWA 2/5:	Perform Occupational Health, Safety and
	DEVE 4	Environmental Protection Practices
		Wear protective gear
	PEX5:2:	
	PEX5:3:	1 73
	PEX5:4:	Mange waste
	PEX5:5:	Clean tools and equipment
	PEX5:6:	
	PEX5:7:	Perform firefighting
	PEX5:8:	1 , , ,
	PEX5:9:	Clean work area
Occupational health and safety	safety and related kn	ns, rules and regulations on occupational health, denvironmental protection included in the listed nowledge should be observed and demonstrated (As and PEXs.
Pre-requisite modules	None	
Related knowledge/ theory	demonstra In any cas from vario appropriat Ty De Ho De To Fir	rational theory suggested for instruction/ ration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. recognised reference materials as recognised reference materials as recognised reference materials as recognised reference materials rescribe different types of materials rescribe different types of binders rescribe different types of binders rescribe different types of carbonisers rescribe different types of carbonisers rescribe and equipment usage rest aid kit components and purposes restribed methods reving processes
Average duration of learning	• 1 day	5 Days) of nominal learning suggested to include: of occupational theory and as of occupational practice
Suggestions on organisation of learning	attitudes) training ce	uisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, described in this module may take place at a enter or its equivalent provided that all equipment ials required for this module training are in place.
Assessment	regulation	ent to be conducted according to established s by a recognised assessment body using related and written test items from item bank.

Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	hoes, spade, wheelbarrow, mixing container, water holding facility, plywood, plastic container, drying rake, carbonizer, crusher, siever, mixer, protective gears-gloves, masks, gumboots, overall, temperature gun
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	wood e.g. saw dust, Agricultural materials e.g. banana stem, peelings, banana dry leaves, maize comb, gnut husks, rice husks, coffee husks, soap, sanitiser, Animal wastes i.e. dung, binders (clay, ant hill soil, molasses, rice flour, wheat flour, sweet potato leaves) and Water
Special notes	Provide all the necessary equipment to the trainee Theory knowledge should be integrated when carrying out a practical

Code	UE/BM/M1.3
Module title	M1.3: Produce Briquettes
Related Qualification	Part of: Uganda Vocational Qualification (BRIQUETTE MAKER UVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After completion of this module, the trainee shall be able to blend materials and produce different types of briquettes
Learning-Working	LWA 3/1: Mix Raw Materials
Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 3/2: Make Non Carbonised Briquettes
	LWA 3/3: Make Carbonised Briquettes
	LWA 3/4: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	Note:
	The learning exercises may be repeated until the trainee acquires targeted competence;
	2. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.
Related Practical	LWA 3/1: Mix Raw Materials
Exercises (PEXs)	PEX1:1. Prepare mixer
	PEX1:2. Measure quantities of binder and carbonised material
	PEX1:3. Pour and blend content in mixer
	LWA 3/2: Make Non Carbonised Briquettes PEX2:1. Make honey comb briquettes PEX2:2. Make saw dust briquettes PEX2:3. Make straw briquettes PEX2:4. Dry briquettes
	LWA 3/3: Make Carbonised Briquettes
	PEX3:1. Make handmade charcoal dust briquettes
	PEX3:2. Make honey comb briquettes
	PEX3:3. Dry carbonised briquettes
	LWA 3/3: Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	PEX3:1. Manage waste
	PEX3:2. Clean tools and equipment
	PEX3:3. Use personal protective equipment
	PEX3:4. Store, equipment, tools and material
	PEX3:5. Perform firefighting
	PEX3:6. Administer first aid

Occupational health and safety	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and environmental protection, included in the listed related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs.
Pre-requisite modules	None
Related knowledge/ theory	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate. • Description the types of briquettes • How to operate tools and equipment used in production • Inquiries and first aid production • Factor affecting the quality of briquettes • Drying briquettes • Types of protective gears • First aid and their uses
Average duration of learning	 80 hours (10 Days) of nominal learning suggested to include: 2 days of occupational theory and 8 days of occupational practice
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided that all equipment and materials required for this module training are in place.
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related written test items from item bank
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	gumboots/ safety shoes, gloves, spanners, extruders, pressing machine, honey comb machine, mixer, masks, panga, hammer, helmet, overall, dryers, charcoal stove, containers e.g. jerrycan, basin, roller Weighing scale
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	binder, water, carbonised and non-carbonised material, vanier caliper
Special notes	Take note of distinction between carbonised and non-carbonised briquettes Incase cassava has to be used as binder, use waste other than cassava flour Use organic waste other than charcoal dust to preserve the environment

3.0 ATP-PART III

<u>Assessment Instruments for a BRIQUETTE MAKER</u>

- 3.1 Assessment of occupational competence is the procedure by which evidence is gathered and judged to decide if an individual (candidate) has met the stipulated assessment standards or not. In this ATP the *standards* to assess occupational competences are reflected in the form of the Occupational Profile and related Test Items.
- 3.2 Assessment of occupational competence should comprise both practical (performance) testing and written (theory/knowledge) testing.
- 3.3 Based on the Occupational Profile, a combined panel of job practitioners and Instructors developed a substantial number of test items for assessing (practical) performance as well as items for assessing occupational knowledge (theory) all stored in an electronic Test Item Bank (TIB) at Directorate of Industrial Training.
- 3.4 Performance (Practical) Test Items (PTI) are closely related to typical work situations in Ugandan business and manufacturing enterprises. They comprise a test assignment for candidates and assessment criteria and/or scoring guides for assessors' use.
- 3.5 Written Test items (WTI) for written testing of occupational theory, (knowledge) are presented in different forms which include:
 - Short answer test items.
 - Multiple choice test items and,
 - Matching test items, These WTIs herein focus on functional understanding as well as trouble-shooting typically synonymous with the world of work.
- 3.6 Composition of assessment / test papers will always require good choices of different types of WTI in order to ensure the assessment of relevant occupational knowledge required of candidates to exhibit competence.
- 3.7 The test items contained in the Test Item Bank may be used for continuous / formative assessment during the process of training as well as for summative assessment of candidates who have acquired their competences non-formally/or informally.
- 3.8 In this document, the following samples of test items for assessing both performance (practical) and occupational knowledge (theory) of BRIQUETTE MAKER are included:

3.9 Overview of test item samples included:

No.	Type of Test Item	Numbers included
1	Written (Theory)- short answer	2
2.	Written (Theory)- multiple choice	2
3.	Written (Theory)- matching with generic	1
4.	Written (theory)- matching with cause and effect	1
5.	Written (Theory)- matching with work sequence	1
6.	Performance (Practical) test items	1
	Total	8

WRITTEN TEST ITEMS (SAMPLES)

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 1			
Occupational Title:	Briquette Maker			
Competence level:	1			
Code no.				
	Short answer	$\sqrt{}$		
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence
Complexity level:	C1			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related module:	M1.3			
Time allocation:	4 minutes			

Test Item	State four equipment used in briquette making		
Answer spaces	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)		
Expected key (answers)	(i) Press machine(ii) Crusher(iii) Carboniser(iv) Extruder(v) Honey comb machine		

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 2			
Occupational Title:	Briquette Maker			
Competence level:	1			
Code no.				
	Short answer	V		
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related module:	M1.1			
Time allocation:	5 minutes			

Test Item	State one economic benefit of briquette making
Answer spaces	(i)
Expected key (answers)	(i) Create jobs(ii) Source of income(iii) Source of revenue(iv) Improves standards of living

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 3				
Occupational Title:	Briquette Maker				
Competence level:	1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
	Multiple choice	V			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence	
	04				
Complexity level:	C1				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related module:	M1.2				
Time allocation:	2 minutes				

Test Item	The following is the item involved during sorting of briquette making material		
Distractors and correct answer	A. PlasticB. PeelingsC. StovesD. Nails		

Key (answer)

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 4				
Occupational Title:	Briquette Maker				
Competence level:	1				
Code no.					
	Short answer				
	Multiple choice	V			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence	
Complexity level:	C1				
Date of OP:	September 2020				
Related module:	M1.2				
Time allocation:	2 minutes				

Test Item	Which item is maintained during sorting of briquette making material			
Distractors and correct answer	A. PlasticB. NailsC. PeelingsD. Stoves			

Key (answer)	С
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DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 5			
Occupational Title:	Briquette Maker			
Competence level:	1			
Code no.				
	Short answer			
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
		$\sqrt{}$		
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related module:	M1.3			
Time allocation:	5 minutes			

Test item	Match the following machines with their relevant functions
	Tunctions

	Column (A)		
Α	Crusher		
В	Mixer		
С	Presser		
D	Metallic drum		

Column (B)		
1	Sorting	
2	Carbonising	
3	Compressing	
4	Grinding	
5	Blending	
6	Heating	
7	Sieving	

Key (answer)	A-4, B-5, C-3, D-2
, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 6			
Occupational Title:	Briquette Maker			
Competence level:	1			
Code no.				
	Short answer			
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
			$\sqrt{}$	
Complexity level:	C3			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related modules:	M1.3			
Time allocation:	10 minutes			

Test Item Match the causes	e following briquette defects with their possible
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Column A (Defect)		
1	Too much water	
2	Little binder	
3	Poorly sieved material	
4	Lack of a hole	

Column B (Causes)		
Α	Briquette will crack	
В	Poor aeration	
С	Briquettes take long to dry	
D	Burns faster	
E	Produces too much ash	
F	Poor compaction	

Key (answer)	1 –C , 2 –F , 3 –A , 4 – B
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DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.7			
Occupational Title:	Briquette Maker			
Competence level:	1			
Code no.				
	Short answer			
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
				$\sqrt{}$
Complexity level:	СЗ			
Date of OP:	September 2020			
Related modules:	M1.3			
Time allocation:	10 minutes			

Test Item	Arrange the following steps involved in production of carbonated briquettes
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Column A (Chronology)	Column B (work steps) in wrong chronological order	
1	Α	Binder mixing
2	В	Briquette storage
3	С	Raw material preparation
4	D	Drying briquettes
5	Е	Packaging of briquettes
6	F	Pressing using pressing machine
7	G	Crushing
8	Н	Briquette sorting and weighing
9	1	Sieving
10	J	Carbonising using charring drum

Key (answer)	1-C, 2-J, 3-G, 4-I, 5-A, 6-F, 7-D, 8-B, 9-H, 10-E
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PERFORMANCE TEST ITEMS (SAMPLES)

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Performance Test Item No.8	
Occupational Title:	Briquette Maker	
Competence level:	Level 1	
Code no.		
Test Item:	Use charcoal dust material and molasses as binder to make 1kg of carbonized ball briquettes.	
Complexity level:	P2	
Date of OP:	September 2020	
Related module:	M1.3	
Related skills and knowledge:	 Safety precautions Equipment use Calculation of ratios Measuring Weighing Briquette shapes Different types of binders and their characteristics 	
Required tools, Equipment, and Materials:	Vanier calliper, weighing scale, measuring cylinder, charcoal dust, Molasses, water, spade, mangling stick, mixing container, binding wire, calculator, stationery,	
Time allocation:	3 Hours	
Preferred venue:	workshop	
Remarks for candidates	Candidates must have personal protective equipment	
Remarks for assessors	Provide all the required resources for assessment	

#	Assessment	Scoring guide	Max. Score	
#	criteria	Scoring guide	Process	Result
	Wore protective gears (over all, gloves, masks, boots)		4	
1.	1. Preparation for the task	Cleaned work area	2	
		Clean workplace observed		1
		Prepared tools	2	
2.	2 Preparation of	Collected sawdust	1	
2.	materials/ingre	Sorted saw dust	2	

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	dients	Impurity free saw dust observed		2
		Collected molasses	1	
		Measured ingredients	3	
		Ingredients in ratios of		
		100mls molasses		
		300mls water		4
		1000g charcoal dust verified		
		Mixed water and molasses	2	
	Mixing of	Yellowish mixture observed		2
3.	Mixing of ingredients	Mixed charcoal dust to the yellowish mixture	2	
		Hard and sticky mixture observed		3
	Moulding of briquettes	Shaped the briquettes	3	
		Round ball like shaped briquettes observed		3
4.		Non sticky round ball briquettes observed		2
		Put hole in the briquettes	2	
		Hole of approximately 3mm verified		3
	Demobilization of resources	Cleaned tools	1	
5.		Cleaned work place	1	
່ ວ.		Stored remaining materials	1	
		Clean work place observed		3
	Total		23	27
	Maximum score (Y)	X/Y		

4.0 ATP- PART IV

INFORMATION ON DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

4.1 Occupational Profile Development (September 2020)

The Occupational Profile was exclusively developed by job practitioners who were working in the Briquette Maker occupation. The job expert panel, guided by UVQF Facilitators defined duties and tasks performed and provided additional generic information regarding the occupation.

4.2 Training Module development (September 2020)

Based on the <u>Occupational Profile</u> for Briquette Maker of September 2020, Training Modules were developed by job practitioners, guided by UVQF Facilitators.

4.3 Test Item Development (September 2020)

Based on the <u>Occupational Profile</u> for Briquette Maker of September 2020, and Training Modules, Test Items were developed by combined panels of instructors and job practitioners, guided by UVQF Facilitators.

4.4 Methodology

The rationale for the Assessment and Training Package development was to link Vocational Education and Training to the real world of work by bridging Occupational Standards to Training Standards through industry-led Standards-Based Assessment.

Active participation of both instructors and job practitioners' panels consolidated the review philosophy.

The panelists worked as teams in workshop settings complemented by offworkshop field research and literature review activities including international benchmarking.

4.5 Development Panel

The participating panel of Job Practitioners required for different stages of the Assessment and Training Package i.e. occupational profile, training modules, assessment instruments were constituted by members from the following organisations;

No.	Name	Institution/ Organisation
1.	Kalette George William	Mengo Senior School
2.	Kasaato Samuel	MAAMA Heat
3.	Mulondo Kennedy	Uni-Trust Community Development Co Ltd
4.	Aheebwa Moses	Right Hand Vocational Center
5.	Wycliffe Edwin Tusiime	Kyambogo University – Bushenyi Campus
6.	Tumuheirwe Aidah	United Innovations Development Centre
7.	Nimanya Abas	Right Projects Ltd
8.	Natabi Grace	Self Help Development Association
9.	Ssemanda Taddeo	Raphael Investments Ltd

4.6 Facilitator team

This Assessment and Training Package was developed by a Facilitator team listed below:

1. **Team Leader**: Ms. Mukyala Ruth, Ag Deputy Director, DIT

2. Facilitators: Komugisha Noeline QO, DIT Nakisendo

Fatuma DIT

3. DIT Data Entrant: by Ms. Mutonyi Sharon, Komakech Joseph,

Kasadha Joel

4. **Compiled by**: Ms. Mutonyi Sharon, DIT, Komakech Joseph

DIT, Kasadha Joel DIT

5. **Edited by:** Ms. Mukyala Ruth, Ag Deputy Director, DIT

Qualification Standards Dept.

6. **Coordinated by**: Mr. Byakatonda Patrick, Ag. Director, DIT;

4.7 Reference:

This Assessment and Training Package was compiled in September 2020 and may be periodically revised to match the dynamic trends in the occupation and hence issued in different versions

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