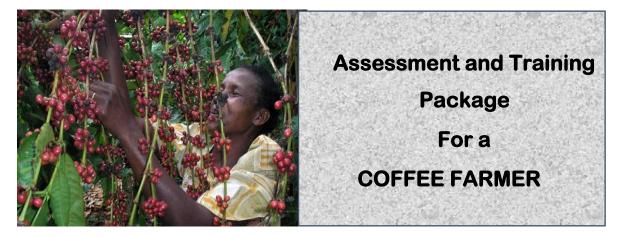




THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA Ministry of Education and Sports

**Directorate of Industrial Training** 



## **Qualification Level: 1**

## **Occupational Cluster: Agriculture**

## August 2020

Developed by:

Directorate of Industrial Training Qualification Standards Department Funded by:

Government of Uganda



## **Assessment and Training Package**

# For a COFFEE FARMER

## Qualification Level: 1 Occupational Cluster: Agriculture

Directorate of Industrial Training Plot 97/99 Jinja Road/ Corner 3<sup>rd</sup> Street, P.O Box 20050, Lugogo, Kampala, Uganda Tel: +256 414 253 704; +256 312 279 344 E-mail: <u>uvqf.dit@gmail.com</u> Web: www.dituganda.org

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All rights reserved. No reproduction or copy transmission of this publication may be made without written permission or in accordance with the provisions of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act or under the terms of licence permitting limited copying issued by the licencing agency in Uganda. Any person who does any unauthorised act in relation to this publication may be liable to criminal prosecution and civil claims for damages. Under BTVET Act, 2008, the functions of the Directorate of Industrial Training are:

- (a) To identify the needs of the labour market for occupational competencies that fall under the UVQF.
- (b) To regulate apprenticeship schemes.
- (c) To foster and promote entrepreneurial values and skills, as an integral part of the UVQF.
- (d) To secure adequate and sustainable financing for the efficient operations of the Directorate.
- (e) To accredit training institutions or companies as assessment centres.
- (f) To determine fees payable under the Act.
- (g) To develop, apply, expand and improve the purposeful application of Uganda vocational qualifications defined in the UVQF.
- (h) To assess and award Uganda Vocational Qualifications.
- (i) To promote on-the-job training in industry for apprenticeship, traineeship and indenture training and for other training such as further skills training and upgrading.
- (j) To prescribe the procedure for the making of training schemes.

Further to the above provisions, there is an established Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework (UVQF), under part V of the BTVET Act, 2008. It is stated that:

The purpose of the UVQF is to;

- (a) Define occupational standards in the world of work.
- (b) Define assessment standards.
- (c) Award vocational qualifications of learners who meet the set standards of different studies.
- (d) Provide guidelines for modular training.

The UVQF shall follow principles of Competence Based Education and Training (CBET) which include:

- (a) Flexible training or learning modules.
- (b) Positive assessment and Certification.
- (c) Assessment of Prior Learning.
- (d) Recognition of formal and non-formal training.
- (e) Self-paced or individual learning.
- (f) Work place learning.

For award and recognition of certificates, the BTVET Act, 2008 provides that:

- (1) The Directorate and other examination boards established under the Act shall award certificates and diplomas for Business, Technical or Vocational Education and Training under the UVQF.
- (2) The Certificates and Diplomas to be awarded shall be in the form prescribed by the Minister on the recommendation of the Industrial Training Council.
- (3) The Certificates and Diplomas awarded under the Act shall be recognised in the Uganda education system and by the labour market.

Under the TVET Implementation Standards 2020, the proposed new mandate of the Directorate of Industrial Training shall be restricted to promoting the highest standards in the quality and efficiency of industrial training in the country and ensuring an adequate supply of properly trained manpower at all levels in the industry and the world of work.

The functions shall include:

- (a) Regulating Industrial Training and Trainers.
- (b) Developing Industrial Training Curricula.
- (c) Harmonising Curricula and Certificates of competence.
- (d) Assessing Industrial Training.
- (e) Development of Occupational Standards and Assessment and Training Packages (ATPs) for Trade Testing for the industry and world of work.
- (f) Awarding certificates in that respect.

At operational level in the Directorate, the Qualification Standards Department performs development tasks related to concepts, procedures and instruments for establishment of the UVQF in close collaboration with both public and private stakeholders in vocational training.

In particular, the Department organises and coordinates the development of Assessment and Training Packages for use in competence-based vocational training as well as standards-based assessment and certification.

The Directorate has therefore produced this Assessment and Training Package for use in implementing Competence-Based Education and Training mechanisms.

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#### Word from Permanent Secretary

The Kajubi Report (1989) and the Uganda Government White Paper on Education Review (1992) emphasised that the Uganda Secondary School Education should be vocationalised.

The World Bank Report on education in Uganda 2007 observed that although Uganda was experiencing steady economic growth on one hand, the secondary education curriculum was inadequately addressing the social and economic needs of the country on the other. The Report further noted that it is not the very top academic cadres that contribute most to the growth of the GDP but rather the competent middle level technicians that are flexible and technologically literate that the economy needs in the labour market at all levels.

Correspondingly, the NDP III 2020/21- 2024/5 highlights (i) low labour productivity (ii) high youth unemployment (38%) (iii) low transition rates from training to employment (35%) as some of the key challenges to Human Capital Development in Uganda.

In order to overcome these challenges, NDP III 2020/21- 2024/5, under objective 2 peaks the need to train the learners for the urgently needed skills and mainstream a dual education and training system. This paved way for the development of the lower secondary school vocational curriculum which supports both academic and vocational training.

The afore is in line with the Uganda Vision 2040. Under section 261, it emphasises that learners will be accorded opportunities to excel in the skills areas they are placed into. These will range from sports and cut to technical and vocational training. Hitherto, section 262 clearly states that the entire education system will be changed to emphasise practical skills, attitude and moral values.

Government of Uganda through the Ministry of Education and Sports rolled out the New Lower Secondary Curriculum in secondary schools countrywide during the first term of the academic year 2020. The overall goal of this curriculum is to produce graduates with employable skills and who are competitive in the labour market. It should be emphasised that vocational training will produce graduates who are employable. In the New curriculum, emphasis will be on equipping learners with employable skills and competencies. This will enable learners perform the requisite duties of the specified occupations. This is the reason why the lower secondary school vocational curriculum was tailored to the assessment requirements of the world of work.

Reading from the Curriculum Framework page 12, it is stated that the learners will be assessed by DIT. Upon assessment and certification, the graduates will be employable and competitive in the labour market. It's against this background that DIT, within its mandate vested in the BTVET Act, 2008 comes on board to take the lead in the development of the requisite Assessment and Training Packages (ATPs) for the various occupations that will be assessed under the Lower Secondary Curriculum.

The ATPs can be used by any training provider and/or those who wish to present themselves for Occupational Assessment and Certification.

Herewith, the Directorate of Industrial Training presents the Assessment and Training Package for training, assessment and certification of a **COFFEE FARMER QUALIFICATION LEVEL 1.** 

Finally, I thank all individuals, organisations and review partners who have contributed and/or participated in the review of this noble document.

Alex Kakooza Permanent Secretary

## **Executive Summary**

This Assessment and Training Package is a Competence-Based Education and Training (CBET) tool and consists of three major parts:

- 0.1 **PART I: The Occupational Profile (OP) of a COFFEE FARMER.** This Occupational Profile which was reviewed by Coffee farmers practicing in the world of work mirrors the duties and tasks that Coffee farmers are expected to perform.
- 0.2 **PART II: Training Modules** in the form of guidelines to train Coffee farmers both on the job as well as in training centres (or combinations of both venues of learning). The Training Modules herein have been reviewed basing on the Occupational Profile and hence are directly relevant for employment.
- 0.3 **PART III: Assessment Instruments** in the form of performance (Practical) and written (theory) test items that can and should be used to assess whether a person complies with the requirements of employment as a COFFEE FARMER. These assessment instruments were reviewed jointly by job practitioners (Coffee farmers) and instructors based on the occupational profile and training modules.
- 0.4 While the Occupational Profile (OP) contained in PART I of this document provides the information on <u>WHAT a person is expected to do</u> competently in the world of work, the test items, including performance criteria- of PART III qualify the <u>HOW and/or HOW WELL a person must do the job</u>.
- 0.5 The modular format of the curriculum (PART II) allows learners to acquire job specific skills and knowledge (i.e. competencies) module by module. A single module can be accomplished within a relatively short duration allowing flexibility for learners to move directly into an entry level job, go for further modules or advance to higher levels of training. Modular courses allow more learners to access the training system because training centres as well as companies can accommodate more learners in a given period of time.
- 0.6 In addition to improved access, equity and relevance of BTVET, the UVQF will also enable people who are convinced to have acquired competencies laid down in this ATP through prior training and on-the-job experience to access assessment and certification directly; be it on the basis of a single module, a group of modules or all modules pertaining to the occupation at once. This achievement will facilitate Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).

- 0.7 The parts of this Assessment and Training Package were sequentially reviewed as follows:
  - i Part 1: Occupational Profile: *August 2020*
  - ii Part 2: Training Modules: *August 2020*
  - iii Part 3: Assessment Instruments (initial bank): August 2020

This ATP (or parts of it) may be periodically revised to match the dynamic trends in the occupation and hence issued in different versions.

DIT takes responsibility of any shortcomings that might be identified in this publication and welcomes suggestions for effectively addressing the inadequacies. The suggestion can be communicated to DIT through P.O. Box 20050, Kampala or through email µvaf.dit@gmail.com.

Patrick Byakatonda Ag Director

#### Acknowledgement

The Qualifications Standards Department of DIT acknowledges the valuable contributions to the review of this Assessment and Training Package by the following persons, Institutions and organisations:

- Members of the DIT Industrial Training Council.
- The Director and staff of DIT.
- Ministry of Education and Sports.
- The practitioners from the world of work.
- Teachers and instructors of Coffee farming from various secondary schools.
- Agriculture Curriculum Specialists from NCDC.
- Examination specialists from UNEB.
- The facilitators involved in guiding the development panels in their activities.
- The Government of Uganda for financing the development of this ATP.

## Abbreviations and Acronyms

A&C	Assessment and Certification
ATP	Assessment and Training Package
CBET	Competency Based Education and Training
DIT	Directorate of Industrial Training
ITC	Industrial Training Council
GoU	Government of Uganda
LWA	Learning-Working Assignment
MC	Modular Curriculum
MoES	Ministry of Education and Sports
OP	Occupational Profile
PEX	Practical Exercise
PTI	Performance (Practical) Test Item
QS	Qualification Standards
RPL	Recognition of Prior Learning
TIB	Test Item Bank
TVET	Technical, Vocational, Education and Training
UVQ	Uganda Vocational Qualification
UVQF	Uganda Vocational Qualifications Framework
WTI	Written (Theory) Test Item
-	

## Key Definitions

- Assessment Assessment is the means by which evidence is gathered and judged to decide if an individual has met the stipulated assessment standards or not. Testing is a form of formal assessment.
- **Certification** Certification is a formal procedure to issue a certificate (qualification) to an individual that has demonstrated during formal assessment that he/she is competent to perform the tasks specified in the occupational profile.
- **Competence** Integration of skills, knowledge, attitudes, attributes and expertise in doing /performing tasks in the world of work to a set standard.
- **Competency** (Occupational) competency is understood as the ability to perform tasks common to an occupation to a set standard.
- **CBET** Competence-Based Education and Training means that programmes:
  - 1. have content directly related to work
  - 2. focus is on 'doing something well'
  - 3. assessment is based upon industry work standards, and
  - 4. curricula are developed in modular form
- **Duty** A Duty describes a large area of work in performance terms. A duty serves as a title for a cluster of related Tasks (see also: TASK).
- Learning-<br/>WorkingLWA are simulated or real job situations / assignments that are suitable<br/>for learning in a training environment (e.g. "small projects"). In a working<br/>environment LWAs are real work situations /assignments.(LWA)
- **Modules** Modules are part(s) of a curriculum. Modules can be considered as "selfcontained" partial qualifications which are described by learning outcomes or competencies and which can be assessed and certified individually.
- **Occupational** An Occupational Profile is an overview of the duties and tasks a job incumbent is expected to perform competently in employment.

Occupational Profiles developed by practitioners from the world of work enhance the relevance of training and learning to the requirements of the world of work. Occupational Profiles define what a person is supposed to do in performance terms. It also contains generic information regarding related knowledge and skills, attitudes/behavior, tools, materials and equipment required to perform as well as trends/ concerns in the occupation.

Occupational profiles are the reference points for developing modular curricular and assessment standards.

- **Qualification** A qualification is a formal recognition for demonstrating competence, based on formal assessment against set standards. A qualification is provided to the individual in form of a certificate specifying the nature of the competence.
- TaskJob tasks represent the smallest unit of job activities with a meaningful<br/>outcome. Tasks result in a product, service, or decision. They represent<br/>an assignable unit of work and have a definite beginning and ending<br/>point. Tasks can be observed and measured. (Also see: Duty)

## 1.0 ATP-PART I

#### **Occupational Profile for a COFFEE FARMER**

- 1.1 The OCCUPATIONAL PROFILE (OP) for "COFFEE FARMER" below defines the **Duties** and **Tasks** a competent COFFEE FARMER is expected to perform in the world of work (on the job) in Uganda and the East African region today.
- 1.2 Since it reflects the skill requirements of work life, the Occupational Profile is the reference document for the subsequent development of training modules and assessment instruments (test items) which are directly relevant to employment in Ugandan and the East African businesses and industries.
- 1.3 To ensure that the Occupational Profile is relevant for employment in Uganda and East Africa, the DIT used the method of "occupational/job profiling.<sup>1</sup>

This approach involves the brainstorming of a panel of 8 to 12 competent job practitioners guided by trained and experienced facilitators. During a two-day workshop the panelists define the duties and tasks performed in employment, as well as the prerequisite skills, knowledge, attitudes, tools and equipment, and the future trends and concerns in the occupation/job.

1.4 The panelists, facilitators and coordinators who participated in developing this Occupational Profile are listed on the following page.

#### UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a **COFFEE FARMER** QUALIFICATION LEVEL:1 December 2020

**Expert Panel Robert Nangatsa** UCDA **Mulumba Mutema Mathias** NCDC **Bamuhangaine Nicodemus** Ankole Coffee Producers Cooperative Jordan Bateisibwa Abaine Jordan Coffee Farm Musisi Ssebatta Joseph **Coffee Farmer** Mugumya Benjamin Andrew **Coffee Farmer Alinaitwe Jonan** Coffee farmer **Turyakira Haruna** Haruna & Nuriat Coffee James Namara Ntugamo Integrated Farm and **Demonstration** Centre Napunyi Patrick Masaka ss (UNEB Examiner) Kataba Abu Juma Buzaaya Growers Cooperative Union Julius Mayeku Coffee Farmer Atim Mikali Teso College Aloet (UNEB Examiner) Ssembatya Aufi Kassanda Farmers Association Kintu Joseph Coffee Farmer Facilitators Nakyobe Safinah **Directorate of Industrial Training** Aheebwa Joan **Directorate of Industrial Training Kusasira Agnes Directorate of Industrial Training Co-ordinator** Mukyala Ruth Elizabeth **Directorate of Industrial Training** Funded by The Government of Uganda



THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA Ministry of Education and Sports

**Directorate of Industrial Training** 

### **Occupational Profile**

For a

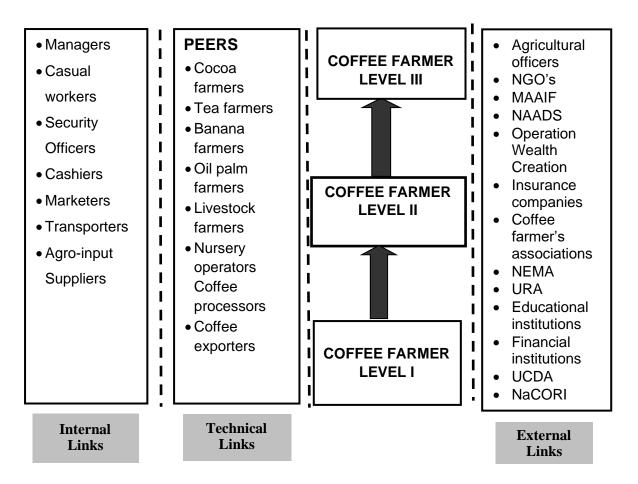
## "COFFEE FARMER"

Developed by: Qualification Standards Department of Industrial Training

Dates of workshop: 24th-26th August 2020

#### NOMENCLATURE FOR THE OCCUPATION OF COFFEE FARMER

**Definition:** A Coffee Farmer is a person who grows and manages coffee for commercial purposes



#### JOB ORGANISATION CHART FOR A COFFEE FARMER

- 1. A Level I Coffee Farmer: is a person who grows coffee using basic coffee farming practices and hand tool technologies.
- 2. A Level II Coffee Farmer: is a person who grows selected coffee varieties using improved agronomic coffee practices and mechanised technologies.
- 3. A Level III Coffee Farmer: is a person who grows improved coffee using advanced agronomic coffee practices and technology on a large scale.

#### **Duties and Tasks**

A. PLAN COFFEE ENTERPRISE	A1	Conduct market survey	A2	Determine farm location	A3	Determine type of coffee
LINERFRIGE	A4	Source coffee farm inputs	A5	Identify labour requirements	A6	Determine production methods
	A7	Develop site structural plan	A8	Prepare financial plan	A9	Prepare procurement plan
	A10	Prepare work schedules				

B. ESTABLISH A COFFEE	B1	Prepare land	B2	Set up a mother garden	B3	Erect nursery shade
NURSERY	B4	Prepare planting medium	B5	Prepare seed bed	B6	Prepare planting materials
	B7	Plant seeds/ propagating materials	B8	Harvest water	B9	Water nursery
	B10	Monitor seedlings/ plantlets	B11	Prick out seedlings/ plantlets	B12	Control pests and diseases

C. ESTABLISH A COFFEE FARM	C1	Prepare coffee farm site	C2	Perform pitting/holing	C3	Apply fertilisers in the holes/pits
	C4	Transport seedlings/ plantlets	C5	Plant propagating materials (seedlings/ plantlets)	C6	Water plants
	C7	Shade seedlings	C8	Plant shade trees/plants	C9	Carryout intercropping
	C10	Mulch garden	C11	Plant wind break trees	C12	Construct soil and water conservation trenches
	C13	Erect farm structures				

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a **COFFEE FARMER** QUALIFICATION LEVEL:1 December 2020

D. MAINTAIN A COFFEE FARM	D1	Control weeds	D2	Train plants	D3	Control pests and diseases
	D4	Prune plants	D5	Carryout gap filling/replace plants	D6	Conserve soil fertility and moisture
	D7	Stake plants	D8	Carryout stumping		

E. HARVEST COFFEE	E1 Identify ready coffee		E2	Determine harvesting methods	E3 Prepare harvesting tools and equipment		
	E4	Schedule harvesting time	E5	Pick ready coffee	E6	Transport coffee	

F. PERFORM POST HARVEST	F1	Prepare post harvesting tools and equipment	F2	Prepare drying beds	F3	Sort coffee
HANDLING	F4	Pulp coffee cherries	F5	Dry coffee	F6	Prepare storage facilities
	F7	Bag/pack coffee	F8	Weigh coffee	F9	Prepare production records
	F10	Store coffee				

G. MARKET COFFEE	G1	Package coffee	G2	Label coffee	G3	Bulk coffee
PRODUCTS	G4	Price coffee products	G5	Advertise coffee products	G6	Communicate with buyers
	G7	Transport coffee products	G8	Sell coffee products		

H. PERFORM OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SAFETY	H1	Sensitise workers on key health issues	H2	Train workers on health and safety measures	H3	Display safety signs
AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	H4	Wear protective gear	H5	Manage waste	H6	Administer first aid
PROTECTION PRACTICES	H7	Store agro chemicals	H8	Observe OHSE rules and regulations	H9	Perform fire fighting

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a **COFFEE FARMER** QUALIFICATION LEVEL:1 December 2020

I. PERFORM ADMINSTRATIVE	11	Recruit workers	12	Train workers	13	Register business
TASKS	14	Supervise workers	15	Remunerate workers	16	Motivate workers
	17	Keep records	18	Attend meetings	19	Procure farm inputs
	l10	Pay taxes and bills				

#### **Additional Information**

#### **Generic Knowledge and Skills**

- 1. Qualities of a good site
- 2. Soil fertility
- 3. Quality of water to be used
- 4. Dimensions and measurements
- 5. Fertiliser types and application techniques
- 6. Potting techniques
- 7. Cloning techniques
- 8. Pruning techniques
- 9. Coffee harvesting techniques
- 10. Safe transportation of coffee
- 11. Coffee storage
- 12. Drying methods
- 13. Tools and equipment usage
- 14. Characteristics of quality coffee
- 15. Use of coffee
- 16. Weeding methods and techniques
- 17. Problem solving skills
- 18. Coffee bills and acts
- 19. Government regulations

- 20. Procurement skills
- 21. Farm regulations
- 22. Propagation techniques
- 23. Human resource management
- 24. Communication skills
- 25. Human relations skills
- 26. Training and supervisory skills
- 27. Marketing skills
- 28. Creativity
- 29. Critical thinking
- 30. Sowing seeds
- 31. Self-evaluation
- 32. Computer knowledge and skills
- 33. Innovation
- 34. Market demand
- 35. Time management
- 36. Skills of marketing shade
- 37. Watering skills
- 38. Planting and transporting skills
- 39. Methods of applying chemicals
- 40. Types of chemicals and application
- 41. Stake heavy high productive plants

#### Tools, Materials and Equipment

- 1. Stationery
- 2. Hoe
- 3. Spade
- 4. Wheelbarrow
- 5. Slasher
- 6. Axe
- 7. Panga
- 8. Measuring tape
- 9. Rope
- 10. Hammer
- 11. Pick axe
- 12. Rake
- 13. Watering can
- 14. Bucket
- 15. Scissor
- 16. Sign post
- 17. Jerrycan
- 18. Tarpaulin
- 19. Secateurs
- 20. Knapsack sprayer
- 21. Gum boots
- 22. Gloves

47. Soil auger48. Bill boards49. Soil PH kit50. Soil test reagents

- 51. Moisture meter
- 52. Water pumps
- 53. Pipes
- 54. Pulps
- 55. Hallers
- 56. Fermenting tanks
- 57. Pallets
- 58. Ladders
- 59. Sand
- 60. Cement
- 61. Bricks and blocks
- 62. Furniture
- 63. Disposable pits
- 64. Nettings
- 65. Mulches
- 66. Seedlings
- 67. Rooting hormones
- 68. Sorting table
- 69. Poles

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (A	TP) for a COFFEE FARMER
QUALIFICATION LEVEL:1	December 2020

23. Weighing scale	70. Wire strains
24. Bags	71. Pliers
25. Over all	72. Shade nets
26. Masks	73. Iron sheets
27. Pruning saw	74. Aggregate/stones
28. Hack saw	75. Polythene sheet
29. Tractors	76. Drainage channels
30. Plough	77. Sampling spear
31. Trailer	78. Notice board
32. Trucks	79. Water colours
33. Bicycles	80. Driplines
34. Detergents	81. Mobile phones
35. Herbicides	82. Computers
36. Pesticides	83. Radio
37. Paint	84. Television
38. Nails	85. Trunks
39. Barbed wires	86. Timber
40. Fertilisers	87. Calculators
41. Seeds	88. First aid kit
42. Trowel	89. Fire extinguishers
43. Spirit level	90. Helmet
44. Square	91. Sanitisers
45. Garden forks	92. Thermometer
46. Sickle	93. Basket

#### Attitudes / Traits / Behavior

- Caries out SWOT analysis
   Carries out conflict resolution
- 3. Organised
- 4. Respectful
- 5. Trustworthy
- 6. Team player
- 7. Dedicated
- 8. Self-motivated
- 9. Punctual/time manager
- 10. Self-driven
- 11. Innovative and creative
- 12. Enthusiastic
- 13. Disciplined
- 14. Social
- 15. Realistic
- 16. God fearing
- 17. Honest

- 18. Hard working
- 19. Resourceful
- 20. Good listener
- 21. Result oriented
- 22. Trainable
- 23. Strategic
- 24. Empathetic
- 25. Active
- 26. Flexible
- 27. Researcher
- 28. Risk taker/risk averse
- 29. Dynamic
- 30. Leader
- 31. Patient
- 32. Tolerant
- 33. Proactive

#### **Future Trends and concerns**

- 1. Expansion of market
- Value addition
   Expansion of production
- 4. Climate changes
- 5. Use of computer
- 6. Land tenure system
- 7. Technological advancements
- 8. Adaption of new technology
- 9. Environmental degradation
- 10. Exportation
- 11. Price fluctuations
- 12. Access to finances
- 13. Financial literacy
- 14. Managing growth
- 15. Managing succession
- 16. Labour availability
- 17. Access to experts
- 18. Access to policies and Acts
- 19. Policy awareness
- 20. High taxation
- 21. Unfavourable government policies
- 22. Land conflicts
- 23. Security
- 24. Population growth trends
- 25. Domestic consumption
- 26. Irrigation
- 27. Political instabilities
- 28. Specialty markets
- 29. Pests and disease out break
- 30. Synthetic coffee products
- 31. Social practices
- 32. Child labour
- 33. Counterfeit agro inputs
- 34. Encourage coffee farmers to join national associations

## 2.0 ATP – PART II

## Training Modules for a COFFEE FARMER

- 2.1 A curriculum is a "guide /plan for teaching and learning" which provides a guide to teachers, instructors and learners. In the envisaged system of competencebased or outcome-oriented education and training (CBET), Curricula are no longer the benchmark against which assessment is conducted. It is rather the Occupational Profile that provides the benchmark for curriculum development as well as assessment.
- 2.2 This modular format of the curriculum allows learners of Coffee farming occupation to acquire job specific skills and knowledge (i.e. competencies) module by module. A single module can be accomplished within a relatively short duration allowing learners to move directly into an entry level job, do further modules and advance to higher levels of training. Modular courses allow more learners to access the training system because training centres, as well as companies can accommodate more students in a given period of time.
- 2.3 The modules were developed jointly by both instructors and job practitioners. They were developed using the Occupational Profile as a reference point and taking into account the specifications of training and learning outcomes.
- 2.4 The modules contain "Learning-Working Assignments" (LWAs) and related "Practical Exercises" (PEXs) as key elements.

LWAs are simulated or real job situations/assignments that are suitable for learning in a training environment (e.g. "small projects"). In a working environment, LWAs are real work situations.

PEXs are therefore sub-sets of a LWA.

2.5 In principle, and following the philosophy of Competence-Based Education and Training (CBET), the modules can be used as a guide for learning in a training centre, at the workplace, or a combination of both.

#### WHO IS A COFFEE FARMER QUALIFICATION LEVEL 1?

A Level I Coffee Farmer is a person who grows coffee using basic coffee farming practices and hand tool technologies.

#### TRAINING MODULES FOR COFFEE FARMER UVQ LEVEL 1

Code	Module Title	Average duration	
		Contact hours	Weeks
UE/CF/M1.1	Establish and Maintain a Coffee Nursery	240	6
UE/CF/M1.2	Establish and Maintain a Coffee Farm	240	6
UE/CF/M1.3	Establish a Coffee Farm Enterprise	160	4
UE/CF/M1.4	Perform Harvesting and Post-Harvest Handling Activities	160	4
Summary	4 Training Modules	20 weeks	

#### Note: Average duration is contact time but NOT calendar duration

It is assumed that:

- 1 day is equivalent to 8 hours of nominal learning and
- 1 month is equivalent to 160hours of nominal learning

Information given on the average duration of training should be understood as a guideline. Quick learners may need less time than indicated or vice versa.

At completion of a module, the learner should be able to satisfactorily perform the included Learning Working Assignments, their Practical exercises and attached theoretical instructions, as the minimum exposure.

Prior to summative assessment by recognized Agencies, the users of these Modules Guides are encouraged to carefully consider continuous assessment using samples of (or similar) performance (practical) and written test items available in Part 3 of this ATP.

Code	UE/CF/M1.1
Module title	M1.1: Establish and Maintain a Coffee Nursery
Related Qualification	Part of Uganda Vocational Qualification (Coffee Farmer UVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After completion of this module, the trainee shall be able to setup and maintain a coffee nursery
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	<ul> <li>LWA 1/1: Prepare a Mother Garden</li> <li>LWA 1/2: Prepare a Coffee Nursery</li> <li>LWA 1/3: Prepare Planting Materials</li> <li>LWA 1/3: Prepare Planting Materials</li> <li>LWA 1/4: Plant Propagation Materials</li> <li>LWA 1/5: Erect Nursery Shade</li> <li>LWA 1/6: Manage Seedling Bed</li> <li>LWA 1/6: Manage Seedling Bed</li> <li>LWA 1/7: Harden off Seedlings</li> <li>LWA 1/8: Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Practices</li> </ul> Note: <ol> <li>The learning exercises may be repeated until the Trainee acquires targeted competence;</li> <li>The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.</li></ol>
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA 1/1: Prepare a Mother GardenPEX 1.1: Select sitePEX 1.2: Select tools, equipment and materialsPEX 1.3: Clear landPEX 1.4: Till landPEX 1.5: Dig holesPEX 1.6: Prepare growth mediumPEX 1.7: Perform plantingPEX 1.8: Back fill holesLWA 1/2: Prepare Coffee NurseryPEX 2.1: Select sitePEX 2.2: Select tools, equipment and materialsPEX 2.3: Clear sitePEX 2.4: Till sitePEX 2.5: Take nursery bed measurementsPEX 2.6: Prepare growth medium

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	LWA 1/3: Prepare Planting Materials
	PEX 3.1: Select tools, equipment and materials
	PEX 3.2: Acquire seeds or cuttings
	PEX 3.3: Disinfect cuttings
	PEX 3.4: Trim cuttings
	PEX 3.5: Sort planting materials
	PEX 3.6: Soak seeds
	LWA 1/4: Plant Propagation Materials
	PEX 4.1: Select materials, tools and equipment
	PEX 4.2: Mix rooting medium
	PEX 4.3: Apply rooting medium
	PEX 4.4: Prepare planting media
	PEX 4.4: Pot propagation material
	PEX 4.5: Firm planting medium
	PEX 4.6: Water propagation materials
	LWA 1.5: Erect Nursery Shade
	PEX 5.1: Select tools, equipment and materials
	PEX 5.2: Cut poles
	PEX 5.3: Dig holes
	PEX 5.4: Treat poles
	PEX 5.5: Fix poles
	PEX 5.6: Perform roofing
	PEX 5.7: Fence nursery
	LWA 1/6: Manage Seed Bed
	PEX 6.1: Mulch seedbed
	PEX 6.2: Weed seed bed
	PEX 6.3: Water seedlings PEX 6.4: Erect humidity chamber
	PEX 6.5: Prick out seedlings
	PEX 6.6: Control pests and diseases
	LWA 1/7: Harden off seedlings
	PEX 7.1: Reduce shade
	PEX 7.2: Reduce watering of seedlings/plantlets
	PEX 7.3: Monitor seedlings
	LWA 1.8: Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Activities
	PEX 8.1: Wear protective gear
	PEX 8.2: Clean and disinfect tools and equipment
	PEX 8.3: Manage waste
	PEX 8.4: Sensitise workers on key health issues
	PEX 8.5: Administer first aid
	PEX 8.6: Store agrochemicals
	PEX 8.7: Perform fire fighting
	PEX 8.8: Observe OHSE rules and regulations

Occupational health and safety	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health, safety and environmental protection, included in the listed related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs
Pre-requisite modules	None
Related knowledge/ theory	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate: • Tools and equipment usage • Tools and equipment maintenance • Site selection • ICT knowledge • Water and soil conservation techniques • Coffee varieties • Coffee propagation and management • Pests and disease control • Soil fertility management • Storage of agro chemicals • Record keeping • Rooting medium preparation • First aid administration • Administrative skills • Chemical application techniques • Health and safety regulations • Waste management
Average duration of learning	<ul> <li>240 hours (30 days) of nominal learning suggested to include:</li> <li>05 days of occupational theory and</li> <li>25 days of occupational practice</li> </ul>
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place.
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from item bank.
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	secateurs, hoe, spade, trowel, panga, slasher, soil sieve net, wheelbarrows, protective gear, watering cans, buckets, knapsack sprayer, hammer, measuring tapes, ropes, bicycle, jerrycan, calculator, reserve tanks, fire extinguisher, first aid kit

Minimum required materials and consumables	Fertiliser, pesticide, shade nets, poles, barbed wire, nails, polythene sheets, polythene bags, sanitisers/disinfectants, seeds, rooting hormone, sand, forest soil
Special notes	

Code	UE/CF/M1.2
Module title	M1.2: Establish and Maintain a Coffee Farm
Related Qualification	Part of Uganda Vocational Qualification (Coffee Farmer UVQ1)
Qualification Level	1
Module purpose	After completion of this module, the trainee shall be able to setup and maintain a coffee farm
Learning-Working	LWA 2/1: Prepare a Coffee Farm Site
Assignments	LWA 2/2: Setup Coffee Farm
(LWAs)	LWA 2/3: Perform Routine Farm Management Practices
	LWA 2/4: Conserve Soil Moisture
	LWA 2/5: Control Pests and Diseases
	LWA 2/6: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices.
	<u>Note:</u>
	1. The learning exercises may be repeated until the
	Trainee acquires targeted competence;
	2. The trainer/instructor is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required
	to perform each learning working assignment.
Related Practical	LWA 2/1: Prepare a coffee farm site
Exercises (PEXs)	PEX 1.1: Clear site
	PEX 1.2: Make farm layout
	PEX 1.3: Till land
	PEX 1.4: Perform holing
	PEX 1.5: Apply fertilisers
	PEX 1.6: Construct trenches and contours
	LWA 2/2: Set Up Coffee Farm
	PEX 2.1: Procure seedlings/plantlets
	PEX 2.2: Transport seedlings/plantlets
	PEX 2.3: Water plants
	PEX 2.4: Plant seedlings/plantlets
	PEX 2.5: Shade seedlings/plantlets
	PEX 2.6: Mulch garden PEX 2.7: Carryout intercropping
	PEX 2.8: Plant shade trees
	PEX 2.9: Plant wind break trees
	PEX 2.10: Erect farm structures
	LWA 2/3: Perform Routine Farm Management Practices
	PEX 3.1: Train plants

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	PEX 3.2: Prune coffee plants
	PEX 3.3: De-sucker plants
	PEX 3.4: Gap fill garden
	PEX 3.5: Weed garden
	PEX 3.6: Stake coffee plants
	PEX 3.7: Stump coffee plants
	PEX 3.8: Fertilise soils
	LWA 2/4: Conserve Soil Moisture
	PEX 4.1: Mulch garden
	PEX 4.2: Plant cover crops
	PEX 4.3: Construct trenches and contours
	PEX 4.4: Water plants
	PEX 4.5: Apply manure
	PEX 4.6: Place stone lines
	LWA 2/5: Control Pests and Diseases
	PEX 5.1: Scout coffee farm
	PEX 5.2: Uproot diseased plants
	PEX 5.3: Prune plants
	PEX 5.4: Spray garden
	PEX 5.5: Fence garden
	LWA 2/6: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and
	Environmental Protection Practices
	PEX 6.1: Wear protective gear
	PEX 6.2: Administer first aid
	PEX 6.3: Observe personal hygiene
	PEX 6.4: Perform fire fighting
	PEX 6.5: Observe biosafety and security practices
	PEX 6.6: Display safety signs and precautions notes
	PEX 6.7: Store agrochemicals
	PEX 6.8: Manage waste
	PEX 6.9: Sensitise workers on OHSE issues
Occupational	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health,
health and safety	safety and environmental protection, included in the listed
	related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated
	during LWAs and PEXs
Pre-requisite	None
modules	
Related	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/
knowledge/ theory	demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In
	any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from
	various recognised reference materials as appropriate:
	Qualities of a good site
	Soil fertility management
	Soil and moisture conservation techniques
	<ul> <li>Quality water to be used</li> <li>Routine farm management practices</li> </ul>
L	

Average duration of learning	<ul> <li>Coffee varieties</li> <li>Dimensions and measurements</li> <li>Fertiliser types and application techniques</li> <li>Weed control measures</li> <li>Coffee watering techniques</li> <li>Transplanting techniques</li> <li>Chemical types and applications</li> <li>Government regulations</li> <li>Tools and equipment usage</li> <li>Pests and disease control measures</li> <li>240 hours (30 days) of nominal learning suggested to include:</li> <li>05 days of occupational theory and</li> <li>25 days of occupational practice</li> </ul>
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place.
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from item bank.
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	computer, calculator, weighing scale, hammer, wheelbarrow, vehicle, moisture meter, rake, watering can, bucket, panga, knapsack, secateurs, pruning saw, hack saw, tractor, hoe, measuring tape, spade, rope, personal protective gear, fire extinguishers, garden forks, first aid kit,
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	stationery, disposable pits, rooting hormones, detergents, pesticides, fertilisers, seeds, mulches, seedlings, nails, barbed wire, poles,
Special notes	All the theory should be integrated into practice during training
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Code	UE/CF/M 1.4
Module title	M 1.3: Establish a Coffee Farm Enterprise
Related Qualification	Part of Uganda Vocational Qualification
Qualification Level	(Coffee Farmer UVQ1)
Module purpose	After completion of this module, the trainee shall be able to establish and manage a coffee farm enterprise.
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 3/1: Plan a Coffee Enterprise LWA 3/2: Market Coffee LWA 3/3: Perform Basic Administrative Tasks LWA 3/4: Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	<ul> <li><u>Note:</u></li> <li>1. The learning exercises may be repeated until the trainee acquires targeted competence;</li> <li>2. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.</li> </ul>
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA 3/1: Plan a Coffee Enterprise PEX 1.1: Conduct a feasibility study PEX 1.2: Select farm site PEX 1.3: Determine coffee variety PEX 1.4: Source for farm inputs PEX 1.5: Identify labour requirements PEX 1.5: Identify labour requirements PEX 1.6: Determine production methods PEX 1.7: Develop site structural plan PEX 1.8: Prepare financial plan PEX 1.9: Prepare budget PEX 1.10: Prepare procurement plan
	LWA 3/2: Market coffee PEX 2.1: Sort coffee PEX 2.2: Grade coffee PEX 2.3: Pack coffee PEX 2.4: Weigh coffee PEX 2.5: Brand coffee PEX 2.6: Bulk coffee PEX 2.7: Store coffee PEX 2.8: Conduct market research PEX 2.9: Price coffee PEX 2.10: Advertise coffee PEX 2.11: Transport coffee PEX 2.12: Sell coffee

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	LWA 3/3: Perform Basic Administrative Tasks
	PEX 3.1: Manage finances
	PEX 3.2: Recruit workers
	PEX 3.3: Train workers
	PEX 3.4: Supervise works
	PEX 3.5: Motivate workers
	PEX 3.6: Attend meetings
	PEX 3.7: Keep records
	PEX 3.8: Remunerate workers
	PEX 3.9: Communicate with stakeholders
	PEX 3.10: Manage conflicts
	LWA 3/4: Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	PEX 4.1: Plant trees
	PEX 4.2: Perform fire fighting
	PEX 4.3: Manage waste
	PEX 4.4: Sensitise workers on key health issues
	PEX 4.5: Wear protective gear
	PEX 4.6: Administer first aid
	PEX 4.7: Train workers on health and safety issues
Occupational	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health,
health and safety	safety and environmental protection, included in the listed
	related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated
	during LWAs and PEXs.
Pre-requisite modules	None
Related	
knowledge/ theory	For occupational theory suggested for instruction/ demonstration, the trainer is not limited to the outline below. In
	any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from various recognised reference materials as appropriate:
	Record keeping
	<ul> <li>Marketing and promotional techniques</li> </ul>
	Communication methods
	On an end the still of the end takes the Ideas
	Human resource management
	Market trends
	Taxation
	Operational costs
	Financial management techniques
	Resource mobilisation
	Occupational health, safety and environmental practices
	Coffee varieties
	Characteristic features of quality coffee
	Coffee growing seasons

	Government policy regulations
	<ul><li>Computer knowledge</li><li>Key actors in coffee</li></ul>
	Climate change
Average duration of learning	<ul> <li>160 hours (20 days) of nominal learning suggested to include:</li> <li>7 days of occupational theory and</li> <li>13days of occupational practice</li> </ul>
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place.
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from item bank.
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	computer, mobile phone, sampling spear, weighing machines, calculator
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	receipt books, stationery, basins, sisal bag, ledgers
Special notes	

Code	UE/CF/M 1.4
Module title	M 1.4: Perform Harvesting and Post-Harvest Handling of Coffee
Related Qualification	Part of Uganda Vocational Qualification (Coffee Farmer UVQ1)
<b>Qualification Level</b>	1
Module purpose	By the end of this module, the trainee shall be able to harvest and prepare coffee for further processing and marketing.
Learning-Working Assignments (LWAs)	LWA 4/1: Harvest Coffee LWA 4/2: Dry Coffee LWA 4/3: Make Parchment LWA 4/4: Store Coffee LWA 4/5: Perform Occupational Health Safety and Environmental Protection Practices
	<ul> <li>Note:</li> <li>1. The learning exercises may be repeated until the Trainee acquires targeted competence;</li> <li>2. The trainer is advised to deliver relevant theoretical instruction with demonstrations as required to perform each learning working assignment.</li> </ul>
Related Practical Exercises (PEXs)	LWA 4/1: Harvest Coffee PEX 1.1: Identify ripe coffee PEX 1.2: Schedule harvesting time PEX 1.3: Select tools, equipment and materials PEX 1.4: Pick coffee PEX 1.5: Sort coffee PEX 1.6: Weigh coffee PEX 1.7: Transport coffee
	<ul> <li>LWA 4/2: Dry Coffee</li> <li>PEX 2.1: Select tools, equipment and materials</li> <li>PEX 2.2: Prepare drying trays/beds</li> <li>PEX 2.3: Spread coffee</li> <li>PEX 2.4: Measure moisture content</li> <li>PEX 2.5: Bag coffee</li> <li>PEX 2.6: Weigh coffee</li> <li>LWA 4/3: Make Parchment</li> <li>PEX 3.1: Select tools, equipment and materials</li> <li>PEX 3.2: Prepare drying trays/beds</li> <li>PEX 3.3: Float coffee</li> <li>PEX 3.4: Ferment coffee</li> <li>PEX 3.5: Pulp coffee</li> <li>PEX 3.6: Wash coffee</li> </ul>

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	PEX 3.7: Spread coffee		
	PEX 3.8: Measure moisture content		
	PEX 3.9: Bag coffee		
	PEX 3.10: Weigh coffee		
	LWA 4/4: Store Coffee		
	PEX 4.1: Select tools, equipment and materials		
	PEX 4.2: Prepare storage facility		
	PEX 4.3: Bag coffee		
	PEX 4.4: Weigh coffee		
	PEX 4.5: Stack bags		
	PEX 4.6: Prepare production report		
	LWA 4/5: Perform Occupational Health, Safety and Environmental Protection Practices		
	PEX 5.1: Wear protective gear		
	PEX 5.2: Display safety signs		
	PEX 5.3: Administer first aid		
	PEX 5.4: Observe hygiene and sanitation		
	PEX 5.5: Manage waste		
	PEX 5.6: Perform fire fighting		
Occupational	Precautions, rules and regulations on occupational health,		
health and safety	safety and environmental protection, included in the listed related knowledge should be observed and demonstrated during LWAs and PEXs		
Pre-requisite modules	None		
Related knowledge/ theory	any case, related knowledge/ theory may be obtained from		
	various recognised reference materials as appropriate:		
	Harvesting methods of coffee		
	Harvesting tools and equipment to use		
	Handling and maintenance of tools and equipment		
	Literacy and numeracy		
	Wet processing of coffee		
	Dry processing of coffee		
	Coffee preservation techniques		
	Coffee storage		
	Hygiene requirements		
	Tools and equipment types and usage		
	Coffee regulations/laws		
	Quality assurance		
	Good environmental enhancing practices		
	Pre-harvesting intervals		
	First aid administration		
	<ul> <li>Health and safety regulations and precautions</li> </ul>		

Average duration of learning	<ul> <li>160 hours (20 days) of nominal learning suggested to include:</li> <li>5 days of occupational theory and</li> <li>15 days of occupational practice</li> </ul>	
Suggestions on organisation of learning	The acquisition of competencies (skills, knowledge, attitudes) described in this module may take place at a training centre or its equivalent provided all equipment and materials required for training are in place	
Assessment	Assessment to be conducted according to established regulations by a recognised assessment body using related practical and written test items from item bank.	
Minimum required tools/ equipment/ implements or equivalent	wheelbarrow, hammer, transport means, tape measure, pulper, spade, buckets, basins, baskets, Jerrycans, drums, moisture meter, sampling spear, protective gear, weighing scale, knapsack sprayer cutters, traps	
Minimum required materials and consumables or equivalent	bags, tarpaulin/platform, pallets, poles, nails, wire mesh, stationery,	
Special notes		

### 3.0 ATP- PART III

### Assessment Instruments for a COFFEE FARMER

- 3.1 Assessment of occupational competence is the procedure by which evidence is gathered and judged to decide if an individual (candidate) has met the stipulated assessment standards.
- 3.2 Assessment of occupational competence should comprise of both practical (Performance) testing and written (theory/knowledge) testing.
- 3.3 Based on the occupational profile and training modules, a combined panel of job practitioners and Instructors developed a substantial number of test items for assessing (practical) performance as well as items for assessing occupational knowledge (theory) all stored in an electronic Test Item Bank (TIB) at the Directorate of Industrial Training.
- 3.4 Performance (Practical) Test Items (PTI) are closely related to typical work situations in Ugandan business enterprises. They comprise of a test assignment for candidates and assessment criteria and/or scoring guides for assessors' use.
- 3.5 Written Test items (WTI) for written testing of occupational theory, (knowledge) are presented in different forms which include: □ Short answer test items.
   Multiple choice test items
  - Multiple choice test item
  - Matching test items,

These WTIs herein focus on functional understanding as well as trouble-shooting typically synonymous with the world of work.

- 3.6 Composition of assessment/test papers will always require good choices of different types of WTI in order to ensure the assessment of relevant occupational knowledge required of candidates to exhibit competence.
- 3.7 The test items contained in the Test Item Bank may be used for continuous/formative assessment during the process of training as well as for summative assessment of candidates who have acquired their competences non-formally or informally.
- 3.8 In this document, samples of test items for assessing both performance (practical) and occupational knowledge (theory) of a COFFEE FARMER are included.

No	Type of test items	Numbers included
1.	Written (Theory) - short answer	3
2.	Written (Theory) - multiple choice	3
3.	Written (Theory) - matching with generic	3
4.	Written (Theory) - cause effect	3
5.	Written (Theory) - work sequence	3
6.	Performance (Practical) test items	1
Total		16

### WRITTEN TEST ITEMS- LEVEL 1

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- No. 1			
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer	$\checkmark$		
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP:	August, 2020			
Related modules:	M1.2			
Time allocation:	3 minutes			

Test Item	List down any four (4) activities undertaken in establishing a coffee farm.	
Answer spaces	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	
Expected key (answers)	<ul> <li>(i) Clear site</li> <li>(ii) Make a farm layout</li> <li>(iii) Till land</li> <li>(iv) Apply fertilisers/manure</li> <li>(v) Construct trenches</li> <li>(vi) Perform holing</li> </ul>	

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- No. 2			
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer     √       Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
Complexity level:	C1			
Date of OP:	August, 2020			
Related modules:	M1.2			
Time allocation:	2 minutes			

Test Item	List any three methods of controlling pests and diseases in a coffee garden		
Answer spaces	(i) (ii) (iii)		
Expected key (answers)	<ul> <li>(i) Spraying</li> <li>(ii) Weeding</li> <li>(iii) Pruning</li> <li>(iv) Timely harvesting</li> <li>(v) Fencing</li> <li>(vi) Uprooting diseased plants</li> <li>(vii) Dusting</li> </ul>		

DIT/ QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- No. 3			
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer √			
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
Complexity level:	C1			
Date of OP:	August, 2020			
Related modules:	M1.2			
Time allocation:	3 minutes			

Test Item	State any four methods of soil conservation in a coffee farm		
Answer spaces	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv)		
Expected key (answers)	<ul> <li>(i) Mulching</li> <li>(ii) Manure application</li> <li>(iii) Digging trenches</li> <li>(iv) Placing stone lines</li> <li>(v) Intercropping</li> <li>(vi) Strip planting</li> <li>(vii)Agro forestry</li> </ul>		

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 4			
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer			
	Multiple choice	$\checkmark$		
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
Complexity level:	C1			
Date of OP:	August 2020			
Related module:	M: 1.2			
Time allocation:	2 minutes			

Test Item	Which of the following activities is carriedout by a farmer when preparing a coffee farm site	
	A. Mulching the garden	
Distractors and	B. Making farm layout	
correct answer	C. Planting wind break trees	
	D. Planting seedlings	

Key (answer) B	
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DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 5			
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
Test Item type:	Short answer			
	Multiple choice		$\checkmark$	
		Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence
	Matching item			
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP:	August 2020			
Related module:	M: 1.4			
Time allocation:	2 minutes			

Test Item	The process of obtaining coffee beans from fresh cherries is called
	A. Fermenting
Distractors and correct answer	B. Hulling
	C. Pulping
	D. Milling

Key (answer) C	
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DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 6				
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer				
Competence level:	Level 1				
Code no.					
Test Item type:	Short answer				
	Multiple choice $$				
	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence	
Complexity level:	C3				
Date of OP:	August 2020				
Related module:	M: 1.2				
Time allocation:	1 minute				

Test Item	Which one of the following is a method of controlling coffee wilt disease?	
	A. Spraying	
Distractors and correct answer	B. Stumping C. Uprooting	
	D. De-suckering	

Key (answer) C

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.7			
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
Test Item type:	Short answer			
	Multiple choice			
	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
		$\checkmark$		
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP:	August 2020			
Related module:	M: 1:2			
Time allocation:	5 minutes			

**Test Item** 

Match the following coffee farm equipment with their purpose.

	Equipment
1	Hoe
2	Wheelbarrow
3	Watering can
4	Weighing scale
5	Knapsack sprayer

	Purpose
А	Tilling land
В	Measuring quantity of coffee
С	Carrying manure to the garden
D	Irrigating crops
F	Drying coffee
G	Spraying garden

Key (answer)	1: A, 2:C, 3:D, 4:B, 5:G
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DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.8			
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer			
Competence level:	Level 1			
Code no.				
	Short answer			
	Multiple choice			
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence
		$\checkmark$		
Complexity level:	C2			
Date of OP:	August 2020			
Related module:	M: 1:4			
Time allocation:	3 minutes			

**Test Item** 

Match the following processes with their appropriate tools.

	Column A processes
1	Harvesting
2	Stacking
3	Drying
4	Parchment

Column B tools	
А	Wheelbarrow
В	Basket
С	Pallets
D	Pulper
Е	Tarpaulin
F	Weighing scale

Key (answer)

1:B, 2:C, 3:E, 4:D

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.9						
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer						
Competence level:	Level 1	Level 1					
Code no.							
	Short answer						
	Multiple choice						
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work- sequence			
		$\checkmark$					
Complexity level:	C2						
Date of OP:	August 2020						
Related module:	M: 1:3						
Time allocation:	5 minutes						

Test Item

Match the following terms with their meanings

	Terms		Meanings	
1	Branding		A	Assessing the profitability of a business venture
2	Feasibility study		В	Creating awareness about the available products
3	Budgeting		С	Identifying customer needs
4	Promotion		D	Naming a product
			E	Planning for income and expenditure
			F	Preparing financial statements

 Key (answer)
 1:D
 2: A, 3: E, 4: B

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 10						
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer						
Competence level:	Level 1						
Code no.							
Test Item type:	Short answer						
	Multiple choice						
	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence			
			$\checkmark$				
Complexity level:	C2						
Date of OP:	August 2020						
Related module:	M: 1:4						
Time allocation:	3 minutes	3 minutes					

Test Item

Match the following bad practices with their effects in postharvest handling of coffee

Practice			Effect
1	Drying coffee on bare ground	A Loss of weight	
2	Failure to measure moisture content	В	Black beans
3	Drying coffee below 13% MC	С	Bad odour
4	Packing by stripping	D Mouldy beans	
		Е	Discoloured seed
		F	Broken beans

Key (answer)	1: C; 2: D; 3: A; 4: B
Key (answer)	1: C; 2: D; 3: A; 4: B

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 11					
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer					
Competence level:	Level 1					
Code no.						
	Short answer					
Test Item type:	Multiple choice					
rest tient type.	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence		
			$\checkmark$			
Complexity level:	C2					
Date of OP:	August, 2020					
Related module:	M: 1:2					
Time allocation:	3 minutes					

**Test Item** 

Match the following faults and their effects on the coffee farm

	Faults					
1	Untrained plants					
2	Unpruned plants					
3	Infertile soils					
4	Unstumped plants					

	Effects					
А	Excessive branches					
В	Falling off of coffee seeds					
С	Poor fertiliser application					
D	Excessive height					
Е	Stunted growth					
F	Aging plantation					

Key (answer)

1:D, 2:A, 3:E, 4:F

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no. 12						
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer						
Competence level:	Level 1	Level 1					
Code no.							
	Short answer						
	Multiple choice						
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence			
			$\checkmark$				
Complexity level:	C1						
Date of OP:	August, 2020						
Related module:	M: 1:4						
Time allocation:	3 minutes						

**Test Item** 

Match the following malpractices in harvesting with their effects

	Malpractices		Effects	
1	Poor drying		А	Coffee mixed with foreign materials
2	Lack of supervision		В	High moisture content
3	Drying coffee on the ground		С	Black coffee bean
4	Picking green coffee		D	Loss of harvesting equipment
			Е	Weight gain
			F	Coffee theft
	·			·

 Key (answer)
 1: B, 2:F, 3:A, 4:C

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.13					
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer					
Competence level:	Level 1					
Code no.						
	Short answer					
Test Item type:	Multiple choice					
	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence		
				$\checkmark$		
Complexity level:	C3					
Date of OP:	August 2020					
Related tasks:	M:1:4					
Time allocation:	5 minutes	5 minutes				

Test Item Re-arrange the procedure followed in order when drying coffee

Column A (chronology)	Column B (work steps) in wrong chronological order		
1 <sup>st</sup>	A Bag coffee		
2 <sup>nd</sup>	B Spread coffee		
3 <sup>rd</sup>	C Select tools, equipment and tools		
4 <sup>th</sup>	D Weigh coffee		
5 <sup>th</sup>	E Measure moisture content		
6 <sup>th</sup>	F	Prepare drying trays/beds	

Key (answer)	1-C; 2-F; 3- B; 4-E; 5- A; 6- D
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DIT/QS	Test Item Database						
01703	Written (Theory) Test Item- no.14						
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer						
Competence level:	Level 1						
Code no.							
	Short answer	Short answer					
	Multiple choice						
Test Item type:	Matching item	Generic	Cause- Effect	Work-sequence			
				$\checkmark$			
Complexity level:	C3						
Date of OP:	August 2020						
Related tasks:	M: 1:1						
Time allocation:	5 minutes						

Test Item	Arrange th chronologic	•	steps	taken	in	nursery	preparation	in
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Column A (chronology)	Colu	Column B (work steps) in wrong chronological order			
1 <sup>st</sup>	А	Till site			
2 <sup>nd</sup>	В	Select site			
3 <sup>rd</sup>	С	Prepare growth medium			
4 <sup>th</sup>	D	Clear site			
5 <sup>th</sup>	Е	Take nursery measurements			
6 <sup>th</sup>	F	F Select tools, equipment and materials			

Key (answer) 1-B; 2-F; 3- D; 4-A; 5- E; 6- C
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DIT/QS	Test Item Database Written (Theory) Test Item- no.15					
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer					
Competence level:	Level 1					
Code no.						
Test Item type:	Short answer Multiple choice Matching item	Generic Cause- Effect Work-sequence				
Complexity level:	C1	C1				
Date of OP:	August 2020					
Related tasks:	M: 1:1					
Time allocation:	2 minutes	2 minutes				

Test Item	Re-arrange the procedures observed when erecting a nursery shade
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Column A (chronology)	Column B (work steps) in wrong chronological order		
1 <sup>st</sup>	А	Spread the roofing material	
2 <sup>nd</sup>	В	Cut poles	
3 <sup>rd</sup>	С	Select tools, equipment and materials	
4 <sup>th</sup>	D	D Dig holes	
5 <sup>th</sup>	E	Fence the nursery bed	
6 <sup>th</sup>	F	Fix poles	
7 <sup>th</sup>	G	G Treat poles	

Key (answer)	1-C; 2-B; 3-D; 4-G; 5- F; 6- A; 7-E
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### PERFORMANCE TEST ITEMS

DIT/QS	Test Item Database Performance Test Item No.1		
Occupational Title:	Coffee Farmer		
Competence level:	Level 1		
Code no.			
Test Item:	<ul> <li>a) Harvest 10kgs of coffee and prepare it for drying</li> <li>b) Sort and pack 20kgs of coffee at a moisture content of 13% for sale.</li> </ul>		
Complexity level:	P2		
Date of OP:	August 2020		
Related module:	M1.4		
Related skills and knowledge:	<ul> <li>Harvesting methods</li> <li>Tools, equipment and material usage</li> <li>Maintenance of tools and equipment</li> <li>Coffee regulations</li> <li>Quality assurance</li> <li>Occupation health, safety and environmental protection practices</li> </ul>		
Required tools, Equipment, and Materials:	Insecticide sprayer, wheelbarrow/bicycle/motorcycle, buckets, basins, baskets, personnel protective gear, tarpaulin, weighing scale, moisture meter, rope, bags, needle, stationery, dry coffee beans and semi dry coffee beans		
Time allocation:	3 Hours		
Preferred venue:	Coffee farm		
Remarks for candidates	Candidates must have personnel protective equipment		
Remarks for assessors	Provide all required resources for assessment Provide a mixture of both dry and semi-dry coffee for part (b)		

307	ALIFICATION LEVEL:1 December 2020				
#	Assessment criteria	Scoring guide	Max.	Score	
п	Assessment ontend		Process	Result	
1	Preparation for task	Wore protective gear: Overall Gum boots Head gear Gloves Assembled tools, equipment and	3	1 1 1 1	
		materials	3		
		Identified ripe coffee cherries	_		
		Laid tarpaulin under coffee plant	1		
		Wide spread of tarpaulin observed	2	2	
		Picked coffee cherries	3		
~	Lienvesting of setters	Red ripe cherries picked observed		2	
2	Harvesting of coffee	Stalks free cherries observed		3	
		Undamaged branches and twigs observed		3	
		Gathered scattered coffee cherries on the tarpaulin	2		
		Ground free of coffee cherries observed		3	
2	Corting of coffee	Removed foreign material from the coffee cherries.	2		
3	Sorting of coffee	Cherries free of foreign materials observed		3	
		Bagged coffee	2		
	Transportation of	No spills of cherries on the ground observed		1	
4	coffee	Weighed coffee	1		
		Quantity of 10kgs verified		2	
		Transported coffee	2		
		Cleaned drying platform	2		
_	Preparation for drying	Dirt free platform observed		3	
5	of coffee	Spread coffee	2		
		Even distribution of coffee observed		3	
		Sorted dry from semi-dry cherries	2		
6	Packing of coffee	Completely dry sample observed		1	
		Picked a representative sample	2		

QUALIFICATION LEVEL:1	sment and Training Package (ATP) for a COFFEE FA	December 2	2020
	Measured moisture content	3	
	Use of a moisture meter observed		4
	Moisture content of 13% verified		2
	Bagged coffee	2	
	Weighed coffee	3	
	Use of weighing scale observed		3
	Kept measurement records		4
	20kg weight verified		4
	Sealed coffee bag	2	
	Tightly sealed bag observed		2
	Labelled bag	2	
	Label verified		3
Total		39	52
		9	1

UVQF: Assessment and Training Package (ATP) for a **COFFEE FARMER** 

### 4.0 ATP- PART IV

### INFORMATION ON DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

#### 4.1 Occupational Profile Development (August 2020)

The Occupational Profile was exclusively developed by job practitioners who were working in the Coffee Farmer occupation. The job expert panel, guided by UVQF Facilitators defined duties and tasks performed and provided additional generic information regarding the occupation.

#### 4.2 Training Module Development (August 2020)

Based on the <u>Occupational Profile</u> for a Coffee Farmer of August 2020, Training Modules were developed by job practitioners, guided by UVQF Facilitators.

#### 4.3 Test Item Development (August 2020)

Based on the <u>Occupational Profile</u> for a Coffee Farmer of August 2020, and Training Modules, Test Items were developed by combined panels of instructors and job practitioners, guided by UVQF Facilitators.

#### 4.4 Methodology

The rationale for the Assessment and Training Package development was to link Vocational Education and Training to the real world of work by bridging Occupational Standards to Training Standards through industry-led Standards-Based Assessment.

Active participation of both instructors and job practitioners' panels consolidated the development philosophy.

The panelists worked as teams in workshop settings complemented by offworkshop field research and literature development activities including international benchmarking.

### 4.5 Development Panels

The participating panels of Job Practitioners required at different stages were constituted by members from the following organisations:

Development Panel		
	Name	Institution/ Organisation
1.	Robert Nangatsa	Uganda Coffee Development Authority (UCDA)
2.	Mulumba Mutema Mathias	National Curriculum Development Center (NCDC)
3.	Bamuhangaine Nicodemus	Ankole Coffee Producers
4.	Jordan Bateisibwa Abaine	Jordan Coffee Farm
5.	Musisi Ssebatta Joseph	Coffee Farmer
6.	Mugumya Benjamin Andrew	Coffee farmer
7.	Alinaitwe Jonan	Coffee farmer
8.	Turyakira Haruna	Haruna and Nuriat Coffee
9.	James Namara	Ntungamo Integrated Farm and Demonstration Centre
10.	Napunyi Patrick	Masaka S.S (UNEB Examiner)
11.	Kataba Abu Juma	Buzaaya Growers Cooperative Union
12.	Julius Mayeku	Coffee farmer
13.	Atim Mikali	Teso Collage Aloet (UNEB Examiner)
14.	Ssembatya Aufi	Kassanda Farmer's Association
15.	Kintu Joseph	Coffee farmer

#### Facilitator team

This Assessment and Training Package was developed by a Facilitator team listed below:

1) Team Leader:	Ms. Mukyala Ruth Ag. Deputy Director, DIT
2) Facilitators:	Ms. Nakyobe Safinah PQO, DIT
	Ms. Aheebwa Joan DIT
	Ms. Kusasira Agnes, DIT
3) <b>DIT Data Entrant:</b>	Ms. Nakisendo Fatuma,
	Ms. Nyakamadi Janet, Data Entrant
	Ms. Mushabenta Brendah
4) Compiled by:	Ms. Mushabenta Brendah
5) Edited by:	Ms. Mukyala Ruth Ag. DD QS Dept. DIT
6) Coordinated by:	Mr. Byakatonda Patrick, Ag. Director, DIT

#### **Reference time:**

The Assessment and Training Package was compiled in August 2020 and may be periodically revised to match the dynamic trends in the occupation and hence issued in different versions.

#### References

- New Robusta hand book by Uganda Coffee Development Authority
- Arabic coffee hand book by Uganda Coffee Development Authority
- Coffee growing, processing, sustainable production by Jean Nicolas wintgerm
- Coffee: A comprehensive guide to the bean, the beverage and the industry by Robert W. Thursto



